### Insurances.

JANGTSZE INSURANCE ASSOCIATION. CAPITAL (Fully Paid-up) ......Tls. 420,000.00 PERMANENT RESERVE .....Tls. 230,000.00 SPECIAL RESERVE FUND,...Tls. 288,936.17

TOTAL CAPITAL and) ACCUMULATIONS, 2nd .....Tls. 938,936-17 

DIRECTORS. E. B. FORBES, Esq., Chairman. . . M. W. Boyb, Esq. WM. MEYERINK, Esq. . H. PINCKVOSS, Esq. F. D. HITCH, Esq.

HEAD OFFICE-SHANGHAL Messrs, RUssell & Co., secretaries. LONDON BRANCH.

Bankers. RICHARD BLACKWELL, Esq., Agent. 68 and 69, Cornhill, E.C.

Messrs. BARING BROTHERS & Co.

Polices granted on Marine Risks to all parts of the World. Subject to a charge of 12 per cent/for Interest

on shareholders' Capital, all the Profits of the Underwriting Business are annually distributed among all Contributors of Business inproportion to the premia paid by them. RUSSELL & Co.,

Hongkong, 23rd January, 1882. E CERCLE-TRANSPORTS.

SOCIETÉ ANONYME D'ASSURANCE MARITIME MARSEILLE. CAPITAL SUBSCRIBED ......15,000,000 Francs.

CAPITAL PAID-UP..... 3,750,000 Francs. The Undersigned, having been appointed AGENTS of the above Company, are prepared to GRANT POLICIES on MARINE RISKS to all parts of the World.

ARNHOLD, KARBERG & Co. Hongkong, 15th June, 1881.

### Untimations.

WANTED, EMPLOYMENT, by the Advertiser as a General Assistant in a Mercantile Office, either in Hongkong or Shanghai. , The Advertiser understands BOOKKEEPING, INSURANCE, and SHIPPING BUSINESS. Salary.

X. Y. Z., Office of this Paper. Hongkong, 25th January, 1882.

HOUSE AND LAND BROKER, No. 33, Wellington-street, Hongkong. Hongkong, 23rd January, 1882

WINE MERCHANT AND COMMISSION AGENT, No. 33, Wellington-street, Hongkong. Hongkong, 23rd January, 1882.

TO LET

LARGE GRANITE GODOWN, in "BLUE BUILDINGS," Praya East, with immediate possession.

Apply to . M. GUEDES. 33. WELLINGTON-STREET. Hongkong, 19th January, 1882.

TO LET.

TWO ROOMS suitable for an Office in the Premises No. 15, WELLINGTON-STREET. Possession on 1st January, 1882. Apply to

DE SOUZA & Co. Hongkong, 14th November, 1881. NOTICE.

THE HEAD-OFFICE of the CHINESE IN-SURANCE COMPANY, Limited, is this day removed to No. 14, QUEEN'S ROAD. J. BRADLEE SMITH,

Secretary. Hongkong, 16th January, 1882. NOTICE.

THE Interest and Responsibility of Mr. CARL KREBS in Our Firm CEASED on the 31st December, 1880. Mr. CARL JANTZEN and Mr. St. C. MICHAEL-SEN are Authorised to Sign Our Firm from TO-

MELCHERS & Co. Hongkong, Shanghai, st January, 1882.

RECORD of AMERICAN and FOREIGN SHIPPING.

ARNHOLD KARBERG & Co. Hongkong, 15th June, 1881. THE Undersigned have been appointed AGENTS to the NEW YORK HOARD of UNDERWRITERS.

• ARNHOLD, KARBERG & CO. Flongkong, 15th June, 1881. AND R. TENNENT'S ALE AND

PORTER: DAVID CORSAR & SONS'

MERCHANT NAVY) NAVY BOILED CANVAS. LONG FLAX CROWN ARNOLD KARBERG & Co.

Hongkong, 15th June, 1881. NOTICE OF REMOVAL.

D FRASER-SMITH, PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT, ARBRITRATOR, AND COMMISSION MERCHANT, has This Day Removed to No. 6, Peddar's Hill.

de Linds of Commission Business executed \* 5 most reasonable terms. Special Agents in London and Sydney.

Balance Sheets drawn out; Books balanced and audited, and every description of Accountant's Work undertaken. Charges strictly moderate, and perfect accuracy guaranteed.

Office Hours: NINE till FOUR. Hongkong, and January, 1882.

### For Sale.

H. FOURNIER & CO. HAVE FOR SALE, JUST RECEIVED EX "PEIHO," A SPLENDID ASSORTMENT OF FANCY GOODS.

FANCY PLAYING CARDS. CRACKERS. BONBONS (Assorted). CHOCOLATE CREAM. CHOCOLATE MENIER.

FIGS.

MALAGA RAISINS.

TABLE PLUMS. FRUITS IN JUICE (Assorted). CONFITURES DE ST. JAMES (in Bottles and Tins). SIRUPS (Assorted).

HUNTLY and PALMER'S BISCUITS. ALMONDS and NUTS!

VANIZZA. PATE DE FOIE GRAS.

NOIN DE VEAU TRUFFEE (in Tins). COTELETTE DE VEAU (in Tins). VEAN ROTI (in Tins).

.. RIS DE VEAU (in Tins). FRICANDAU (Assorted). TRUFFES.

VEGETABLES (Assorted). ANCHOVIES in Oil.

CAVIAR.

SARDINES in Lemon Juice. SARDINES in Tomatas. SARDINES in Oil.

FRENCH and ENGLISH MUSTARD. SAUSAGES (Assorted). LYONS SAUSAGES.

FRENCHE SPANISH OLIVES. FRENCH ISIGNY BUTTER (in 1 and 2 ibs. Tins).

MACCARONI, (Assorted) Paste for Soups, Letters, stars, &c. TAPIOCA.

FINE-GROUND MOCHA COFFEE.

ROQUEFORT,

DUTCH.

CALIFORNIA, CREAM.

FRENCH TOBACCO AND CIGARRETTES.

ASSORTED PERFUMERY

PINAUD AND PIVERT OF PARIS. A large quantity of

FRENCH MINERAL WATERS in Pints of 100 bottles per Case,

CORK STOPPERS, for Soda and other Bottles.

In Bottles and Wood. CHATEAU LAROSE.

CHATEAU LAFFITTE. CHATEAU MARGAUX.

ST. EMILION.

SAUTERNE. PORTO.

SHERRY.

MARSALA.

[6 FRENCH COGNAC. ABSINTHE.

> CHARTREUSE (Pints and Quarts). : BENEDICTINE (Pints and Quarts).

MARASCHINO. CURACAO. ANISETTE (Marie Brigard).

-ANGOSTURA BITTERS. BOKER'S BITTERS. KIRSCHWASSER. PEPPERMINT.

VERMOUTH (Noily Prat). VERMOUTH (Turino).

FANCY SILK UMBRELLAS.

And a VARIETY of OTHER GOODS. Hongkong, 25th January, 1881.

## Intimations.

HONGKONG RACES-HONGKONG RACES.

# T. N. DRISCOLI

TAILOR, HOSIER, HATTER, AND GENERAL OUTFITTER By Special Appointment to H.E. the GOVERNOR of HONGKONG

H.I.H. the GRAND DUKE ALEXIS of RUSSIA,

Is now showing, ex "Glenroy," A SPLENDID ASSORTMENT OF BLACK AND BLUE FRENCH COATINGS. A CHOICE LOT of SUITINGS and TROWSERINGS, in FRENCH, WEST of ENGLAND, Scotch, Chevior, and Saxony TWEEDS. WHITE CASSIMERES, for RACING BREECHES.

BEDFORD and WORSTED CORDS. LIGHT MELTONS, for OVERCOATS. DRAB SHELL and BLACK SILK HATS. BLACK and DRAB FELT HATS. RACING SCARVES, &c., &c., &c., &c.

WINE MERCHANTS,

MARINE HOUSE, 15, QUEEN'S ROAD. HAVE for sale, ex recent arrivals, Light Breakfast CLARETS in Quarts and Pints. After Dinner CLARETS in Quarts and Pints. CHATEAU LAFITE, MARGAUX, LAROSE, LEOVILLE CLOS DE

MAURIN, &c., &c. DE ST. MARCEAUX & Co.'s CHAMPAGNE in Quarts, Pints and Half-Pints. CLARET IN WOOD.

CHARTREUSE, CURACOA, MARASCHINO. PRICE LIST ON APPLICATION.

# KELLY & WAL

Graphic Xmas Number. Illustrated News Xmas Number. Harper's Xmas Number. Novelette Xmas Stories, Belgravia Annual,

THE FOLLOWING CHRISTMAS ANNUALS. Household Words Xmas Number. Routledge's Xmas No., Illus. by Caldicott. Judy's Xmas Annual. Grant & Co.'s Xmas Number.
Yule Tide Xmas Number.

, and a second second		I are time will be M	umber.
0.5%	NEW DAN	CE MUSIC.	
Patience Waltz	TMAIL	1 (C)	Coole
Patience Quadrilles	D'Albert.	Evelyn Polka	Marriot
Patience Quadrilles Patience Lancers	D'Albert.	Sweethearts Waltz	D'Alber
	3.777777 C	N / N 3 7 / N / N	9
"Good Bye, Beloved"	Pemberton.	" Sweethearts"	A Sullings
"Haven of Rest"	Marriott.	"Unforgiven"	Afarriat
"Fiappy Days Departed"	Mariott.	"Welcome"	Lady A. Hil
A constant suggestion of the N	Lady A. Hill.	At Sunset"	H. A. Musca
"Haven of Rest"  "Happy Days Departed"  "Our Farewell"  A constant succession of the N	EWEST JONGS and	DANCE MUSIC is receive	d by each French Mai
KE	LLY & WALS.	H-HONGKONG.	4.3

# ROSE &

31 AND 33, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL

DRAPERY DEPARTMENT EN ENRAL LONG CLOTHS AND FLANNELS. TABLES LINEN AND IRISH LINENS. GENERAL HOUSEHOLD LINENS, SHEETINGS, BLANKETS, &c., &c.

FANCY DRESS AND SILK DEPARTMENTS. PLAIN AND FANCY DRESS GOODS. COLOURED AND BLACK SILKS. FANCY BROCADED SILKS (PARISIAN).

ALL WOOL SERGES, &c., &c., &c. AND VELVETEENS. FASHIONABLE STRIPED SILK VELVETS. FASHIONABLE EMBOSSED SILK VELVETS.

FASHIONABLE EMBOSSED VELVETEENS. FANCY LACE GOODS IN FISHUS, COLLARETTES, AND SETS OF COLLARS AND CUFFS.

Ribbons, Flowers, Feathers, Real and Imitation Laces, Sunshades, Umbrellas, Corsets, Ladies' and Children's, Boots and Shoes, Ladies' and Children's Under-clothing, Fancy Wool and Crewel Work, Fancy Goods. Chenille and Beaded Fringes, Spanish and Beaded Black Laces, Hosiery Gloves, &c., &c., &c.

ALSO, GENTLEMEN'S Shirts, Collars, Scarves, Hankerchiefs, Half Hose, Undershirts, Drawers, Solitaires and studs, and an indescribable number of Miscellaneous Goods. Address-

ROSE AND COMPANY,

31 AND 33, QUEEN'S ROAD,

### HAIR DRESSING SALOON HONGKONG HOTEL

P. MOORE begs to inform the Gentlemen of Hongkong and Visitors that he has reduced the price of Hair-Cutting to 50 cents. Having now in his employ three competent Assistants who are always in attendance, he guarantees to execute this class of work, in all its branches, with a perfection which cannot be excelled in any part of the World.

Hair-Cutting.....50 Cents. Shampooing ......25 Cents. Shaving.....25 Cents. Trimming Beards .....25 Cents.

MONTHLY CUSTOMERS TAKEN AT REDUCED

RATES, .... RAZORS MOST CAREFULLY RE-SET. Mr. Moore begs to recommend his

GOGO SHAMPOO WASH to the public as unrivalled by any preparation ever produced for promoting the growth of the hair. The basis of this compound is made of soap root; the natives of the Philippine Islands never use anything else for washing their hair; they are never found bald, and it is quite common to see the females with hair fron 5 to 6' feet long. By constantly using this Shampoo Wash as directed, you will NEVER BE BALD.

The proprietor offers the Wash to the public entirely consident that by its restorative properties it will without fail arrest decaying hair. It completely eradicates scurf, dandruff, and cures all diseases of the scalp. It does not contain any poisonous drugs. By its cooling properties it allays the itching and fever of the scalp, which is the great cause of people losing their hair.

Mr. Moore has succeeded in being able to put this wash up in bottles without allowing it to ferment, and he will guarantee it to keep any length of time in any climate. STAG HOTEL.

QUEEN'S-ROAD CENTRAL OOD ACCOMMODATION FOR VISITORS,

ENGLISH & AMERICAN BILLIARDS.

Tiffin at One O'clock, Dinner at 7.30. This Hotel is most centrally situated and within easy distance of the principal landing

1. COOK, Proprietors

G. FALCONER & CO. WATCH AND CHRONOMETER MANUFACTURERS

JEWELLERS. NAUTICAL INSTRUMENTS, CHARTS AND BOOKS. No. 46, Queen's-ROAD CENTRAL. [2

CHS. J. GAUPP & CO. CHRONOMETER, WATCH, AND CLOCK-MAKERS, JEWELLERS, SILVER-SMITHS, AND

OPTICIANS. CHARTS AND BOOKS NAUTICAL INSTRUMENTS. SOLE AGENTS

for Louis Audemars' Watches; awarded the highiest Prizes at every Exhibition; and for Voigtländer and Sohn's CELEBRATED OPERA GLASSES, MARINE GLASSES, AND SPYCLASSES. No. 38, Queen's-road Central.

WILLIAM SCHMIDT & CO. CUNMAKERS AND AMUNITION DEALERS, BEACONSFIELD ARCADE. Arms, Ammunitions, and Requisites of every description. Arms Repaired, Cleaned, or Converted at

moderate charges. Sporting Guns and Ammunition always on hand. C. L. THEVENIN OMMISSION AGENT, WINE & SPIRIT MERCHANT. CHAMPAGNE, BURGUNDIES, COG-

NACS, SHERRIES, LIQUEURS, WHISKY, &c., &c. FRENCH BOOTS AND SHOES, FOR LADIES AND GENTLEMEN. HONGKONG HOTEL BUILDING. [26]

FOR SALE.

yard, Branxton, Hunter River, N.S.W. R. FRASER-SMITH, No. 6, Peddar's Hill.

### Amusements.

THEATRE ROYAL. CITY HALL, HONGKONG.

THE MEMBERS OF THE HONGKONG CHORAL SOCIETY WILL REPEAT THEIR PERFORMANCE

"THE PIRATES OF PENZANCE, TO-MORROW, FRIDAY, THE 27TH JANUARY. Tickets (price \$2.00), can be obtained at

Messrs. LANE, CRAWFORD & Co.'s Store, on and after TUESDAY, the 24th January, Doors open at ...... 8.30 P.M. Performance at ..... 9.00 P.M.

## For Sale.

Hongkong, 20th January, 1882.

FOR SALE,

THE RACING PONIES WILD SCUD. TOO.TOO.

REVERSE. All Winners at the late Foochow Meeting. Quiet and sound. Apply to The EDITOR of the "HONGKONG TELEGRAPH."

Hongkong, 24th December, 1881. JUST ARRIVED AND FOR SALE.

OOD English Breech-loading Doublebarreled Central-fire 12-bore GUNS. Central-fire Winchester Repeating RIFLES.
AROMATIC SCHIEDAM SCHNAPPS, in Cases containing One and Two Dozen Bottles. Good CIDER in Cases of Two Dozen Pints, POMERANIAN SPIRITS, &c., &c. J. F. SCHEFFER.

Hongkong, 3rd January, 1882. FONG, PHOTOGRAPHER HAS A LARGER COLLECTION OF VIEWS than any other in CHINA.

21 and 23, Pottinger Street.

Miniatures Painted on Ivory from \$7. Oil Paintings on Canvas from \$5.

Cartes de Visite, Cabinet, and all other Styles of Portraits at equally moderate prices executed under the supervision and management of D. K. GRIFFITH, Studio 8, Queen's-road.

CA DASILVA AND CO. QUEEN'S ROAD.

HAVE JUST RECEIVED EX FRENCH MAIL STEAMER "DJEMNAH." -Malaca Fresh Grapes, Gentlemen's readymade Overcoats, Embroidered and Fine White LACE, BALL HANDKERCHIEFS, Ladies' and Gentlement's Finest White LINEN HANDKERCHIEFS, White TRAINED SKIRTS for BALL DRESSES, White Kin GLOVES, Embroidered and Fancy HE Steamship

Great Variety in ORIZA PERFUME TOILET REQUISITES, comprising :- ORIZA NEW MOWN HAY, ORIZA OPPOPONAN BOUQUET, ORIZA WATER, ORIZA SCOTCH LAVENDER, ORIZA LYS, ORIZA ESS, HELIOTROPE.

ORIZA POWDER, ORIZA DENTIFRICE, ORIZA SOAP, ORIZA HAIR OIL.

### Hongkong, 23rd November, 1881. Intimations.

ECA DA SILVA & Co.

NOTICE. THERE will be NO NIGHT-BOAT to or from CANTON on and after TUESDAY, the 24th instant, and until further notice. On and after TUESDAY the 24th instant, the "Powan" will run temporarily as a DAY-BOAT between Hongkong and Canton instead of the "ICHANG," which will be withdrawn from the line for a few days.

By Order, P. A. DA COSTA,

Hongkong, Canton, and Macao, Steamboat Company, Limited.

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, China Navigation Company, Limited. Hongkong, 20th January, 1882.

TRAMWAYS. A BARGAIN.-JUST RECEIVED

CLARKE'S "TRAMWAYS—their Construction and Working." "SCHOURY's Estimating-26 Detailed Plans and Estimates of various Structures of Brick, Stone, Wood, and Iron, with Building Data," and other useful information, from Indian practice. "VINCENT'S Steam Tramway's for India." THE LOT, \$11.

KELLY & WALSH, Queen's Road. Hongkong, 10th January, 1882. ALGAR AND COMPANY HOUSE AND ESTATE AGENTS. RENTS COLLECTED.

BROWN, JONES & Co., UNDERTAKERS. MOURING STATIONERY, &c. MONUMENTS ERECTED. 9, HOLLYWOOD ROAD.

LIONGKONG TIMBER YARD, WANCHAI. OREGON PINE SPARS AND LUMBER Warland, Master, will load here for the above ALWAYS ON HAND.

L. MALLORY,

Hongkong, 24th June, 1881. NOTICE OF REMOVAL.

USTRALIAN WINES, PORT & SHERRY, MILLAR & CO., PLUMBERS, A. GASFITTERS, &c., &c., have of the finest quality, from Coolalta Vinc-REMOVED their Office and Ware-room to No. 6, BEACONSFIELD ARCADE, where Orders for Fittings and Repairs will be punctually attended Hongkong, 11th November, 1881.

## Consignees.

FROM THURSDAY ISLAND, COOK-TOWN, SYDNEY, MELBOURNE, ADELAIDE, & NEW ZEALAND.

THE Eastern and Australian Steamship Company's Steamer

CATTERTHUN, having arrived from the above Ports, Consignees, of Cargo are hereby informed that their Goods, with the exception of Gold, are being landed at their risk into the Godowns of the Undersigned, whence delivery may be obtained.

Cargo remaining undelivered after the 5th

Eebruary will be subject to rent, No Fire Insurance has been effected. Bills of Lading will be Countersigned by GIBB, LIVINGSTON & Co.,

Agents.

Hongkong, 26th January, 1882.

Shipping. FOR SYDNEY AND MELBOURNE, VIA SINGAPORE.

(Calling at Port DARWIN and QUEENSLAND FORTS, and taking through Cargo for NEW ZEALAND). THE Eastern and Australian Steamship Company's Steamer

CATTERTHUN, Captain Miller, will be despatched as above on FRIDAY, the 3rd February, at Four P.M. For Freight or Passage, apply to GIBB, LIVINGSTON & Co.,

Agents. Hongkong, 25th January, 1882. AUSTRO-HUNGARIAN LLOYD'S STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY,

STEAM FOR SINGAPORE, PENANG, COLOMBO, BOMBAY, ADEN, SUEZ, PORT SAID, AND TRIESTE. (Taking Cargo at through rates to CALCUTTA, PERSIAN GULF PORTS, ODESSA, and the MEDITERRANEAN PORTS). THE Company's Steamship

HUNGARIA, Captain G. Sturli, will be despatched on MON. DAY, the 6th proximo, at Four P.M. For Particulars, apply to MELCHERS & Co.,

Hongkong, 26th January, 1882. CHARTER. TATANTED, to CHARTER, for THREE VV MONTHS at the end of February, a

STEAMSHIP of about 1,500 tons burthen, able to steam, well on a Moderate Consumption of Coal. Apply, with full Particulars, to Care of Hongkong Telegraph Office. Hongkong, 25th January, 1882.

UNION LINE. FOR SHANGHAI

ESCAMBIA, Captain Purvis, due on or about the 24th inst., will have quick despatch for the above Port.

For Freight or Passage, apply to RUSSELL & Co. Hongkong, 23rd January, 1882. FOR SAN FRANCISCO. THE At American ship

. E. Howland, Master, will load here for the above Port, and will have quick despatch. For Freight, apply to RUSSELL & Co.

RED CROSS,

Hongkong, 23rd January, 1882. FOR VICTORIA, VANCOUVER'S ISLAND. THE As American ship

BLUE JACKET, Percival, Master, will load here for the above Port, and will have quick despatch. For Freight, apply to RUSSELL & Co.

Hongkong, 23rd January, 1882.

ISLAND. THE At American ship Brown, Master, will load here for the above Port, and will have quick despatch.

FOR VICTORIA, VANCOUVER'S

For Freight, apply to RUSSELL & Co. Hongkong, 23rd January, 1882. FOR VICTORIA, VANCOUVER'S THE Al American ship

W. J. ROTCH, Bray, Master, will load here for the above Port, and will have quick despatch. For Freight, apply to

RUSSELL & Co. ·Hongkong, 23rd January, 1882. FOR NEW YORK, THE Ar American bark

PEARL, R. Howes, Master, will load here for the above Port, and have quick despatch. For Freight, apply to

RUSSELL & Co. Hongkong, 23rd January, 1882, FOR NEW YORK.

THE 3/3 A 11. American ship TWILIGHT. Port, and will have quick despatch.

For Freight, apply to RUSSELL & Co. . Hongkong, 23rd January, 1882. FOR NEW YORK.

THE 3/3 A I.I. American bark NICHOLAS THAYER, Crosby, Master, will load here for the above Port, and will have quick despatch.

For Freight, apply to\_ RUSSELL & Co. Hongkong, 23rd January, 1882.

Untimations.

NOW IN THE PRESS AND SHORTLY



THE HONGKONG DIRECTORY AND HONG LIST FOR THE FAR FAST. A NEW DIRECTORY FOR CHINA, JAPAN, AND THE PHILIPPINES, FOR THE YEAR 1882.

" PRICE TWO DOLLARS.

The above work will shortly be published at the office of this Paper, and will contain a Directory for the Ports in the large portion of Asia comprised between Penang, in the Straits Settlements, and the Northern Ports, including Formosa; the Treaty, Ports of China and Japan; the Philippine Islands; the British Colony of Hongkong; and the Portuguese Colony of Macao. The Work will also contain the Principal Treaties between European countries and the United States and the countries East of the Straits, together with conditions of Trade, and the Port, Customs, Consular, and Harbour Regulations for the Ports of China and Japan; and a description of the Ports, with the latest Trade Statistics taken from the Reports of the Imperial Marithme Customs and other reliable sources.

The various Governments and Municipal Corporations have been applied to for information, and all Public Bodies and Companies, Bankers, Merchants, Consuls, and Professional and other Residents, have supplied the necessary matter to ensure correctness upon forms sent for that purpose. The Naval and Military portions have been taken from the latest published official lists and revised at Head-quarters; in fact no pains have been spared to make "THE HONGKONG DIRECTORY AND HONG LIST FOR THE FAR EAST" a perfectly reliable vade mecum.

"THE HONGKONG DIRECTORY AND HONG LIST FOR THE FAR EAST" will, in order that it may circulate extensively outside this Colony, be published at a POPULAR PRICE, and can be ordered at this Office for

TWO DOLLARS.

There is not space in the compass of an ordinary advertisement to detail all the information introduced into the work, but it may be fairly asserted that no such Directory has ever been published, either in Hongkong, or any other part of the East, at the price.

"Telegraph" Office, Hongkong. THE HONGKONG DIRECTOR WILL CONTAIN THE TREATIES WITH CHINA. JAPAN, & SIAM.

Office, 6, Peddar's Hill. THE HONGKONG DIRECTOR' WILL CONTAIN A DESCRIPTION OF ALL THE TREATY PORTS IN CHINA AND

JAPAN. 6, Office, Peddar's Hill-

THE HONGKONG DIRECTORY. WILL CONTAIN TRADE STATISTICS FROM OFFICIAL SOURCES. OFFICE, 6, PEDDAR'S HILL.

THE HONGKONG DIRECTOR WILL CONTAIN THE CONDITIONS OF TRADE WITH CHINA & JAPAN. Office, 6, Peddar's Hill.

THE HONGKONG DIRECTORY WILL BE PUBLISHED AT TWO DOLLARS. Office, 6, Peddar's Hill.

THE HONGKONG DIRECTORY WILL CONTAIN THE PORT, CUSTOMS, CONSULAR, AND HARBOUR REGULATIONS OF THE TREATY PORTS OF CHINA & JAPAN. OFFICE, 6, PEDDAR'S HILL.

THE HONGKONG DIRECTORY IS PUBLISHED AT TWO DOLLARS. OFFICE, 6, PEDDARS HILL.

THE HONGKONG DIRECTORY WILL CONTAIN LISTS OF MILITARY OFFICERS serving in the China Command, which has been revised at Head-Quarters. Office, 6, Peddar's Hill.

THE HONGKONG DIRECTORY WILL CONTAIN THE NAMES OF THE NAVAL OFFICERS ON THE CHINA STATION.

Including the most recent appointments and local changes; corrected at Head-Quarters. OFFICE, 6, PEDDAR'S HILL.

PHE HONGKONG DIRECTORY HAS BEEN LARGELY ORDERED IN ALL PORT. BETWEEN SINGAPORE AND NEWCHWANG. OFFICE, 6, PEDDAR'S HILL.

THE HONGKONG DIRECTORY IS PUBLISHED AT TWO DOLLARS. OFFICE, 6, PEDDAR'S HILL.

THE HONGKONG DIRECTORY WILL CONTAIN THE LARGEST LIST OF FOREIGN RESIDENTS IN THE EAST. OFFICE, 6, PEDDAR'S HILL.

THE HONGKONG DIRECTORY WILL CONTAIN THE ONLY CORRECT LIST OF HONGKONG GOVERNMENT OFFICIALS OFFICE, 6, PEDDAR'S HILL

A. S. WATSON & CO. WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DRUGGISTS. GENERAL CHEMISTS

Manufacturers of the following WATERS AERATED

SODA, TONIC, SARSAPARILLA, AND POTASH, LEMONADE, GINGERADE, RASPBERRYADE, AND PHOSPHORIC CHAMPAGNE.

Deliveries in Town and Harbour from 7 A.M. to 7 P.M.

SHIPS MEDICIENE CHESTS REFITTED, PASSENGER SHIPS SUPPLIED.

Prompt Attention given to Coast Orders. HONGKONG DISPENSARY, Hongkong. SHANGHAI PHARMACY,

SHANGHAT. CANTON DISPENSARY, CANTON. THE DISPENSARY, FOOCHOW.

NOTICES TO CORRESPONDENTS. Communications on Editorial matters should be addressed "The Editor," and those on business "The Manager," and not to individuals by name. Correspondents are requested to forward their name and address with communications addressed to the Editor, not for publication, but as evidence of good faith. All letters for publication should be written on one side of the paper only, and rejected communications can not be returned. Advertisements and Subscriptions which are not ordered for a fixed period will be continued until

Hongkong, Thursday, January 26, 1882.

A rew months ago, on the occasion of an accident at the Murray Barracks, the falling in of a chimney stack which resulted in the death of a Chinese boy, we protested against the evidence of the Royal Engineer's Department being accepted as conclusive, as to the result of the accident, on the ground that this department was responsible for the building being kept in thorough repair. We strongly recommended that a searching examination of the building, and into the probable cause of the falling in of the chimney stack, should be made by an independent authority, and our recommendation was adopted by the Coroner, who appointed Mr. S. R. NEATE, of the Surveyor General's Department, to verdict was afterwards returned. That we had perfectly good grounds for objecting to a verdict being arrived at on interested evidence alone, was admitted on all hands, and it was generally conceded that we had done good service in leading up to what was a much needed reform.

We now contend that the same principle we then advocated should be extended to every department of the Government service, to which it possibly can be applied. A case, to which we briefly alluded in our yesterday's issue, demands special notice. It is reported in our morning contemporary

as follows:-"An inquest was held yesterday afternoon at the Gaol Office, before Mr. H. E. Wodehouse, Coroner, and a jury composed of Messrs. G. D. Boning, J. F. MARDFELDT, and J. R. WHITE, on the body of Wong Lox, a Chinese male adult, prisoner in the Gaol. Dr. Ayres, Colonial Surgeon, gave evidence to the effect that the deceased was admitted to the Gaol on the 13th December and was put on light labour and on full diet on account of his extremely emaciated condition; he was suffering from bronchitis, from which, however, he recovered, but had been suffering from extreme debility. Deceased was a little better on Monday, and witness never thought he was in a precarious state beyond the fact of his emaciated condition and extreme debility. Witness was sent for early yesterday morning, and when he arrived he found deceased had died. Witness was of opinion that death resulted from natural causes .- Mr. HAYWARD, acting superintendent of the Gaol, stated that deceased had been convicted of unlawful possession and sentenced to six weeks' hard labour on the 13th December last; he was put on light labour. His sentence expired yesterday morning at eight o'clock. Witness was told at about 6 a.m. that the deceased was dying and he went immediately to see him, when he was informed that the doctor had already been sent for .- M. MURPHY, warder of the Gaol hospital, stated that it was his duty to unlock all the cells and see the patients at half-past five in the morning; and in doing so yester day he found deceased in a very weak state, so much so that he found it necessary to send for the doctor. Deceased was not able to speak. Witness had seen deceased on the previous evening at halfpast ten o'clock, and he was then in the same condition as he had been for some time. Deceased died before the doctor arrived. The jury returned a verdict of

death from natural causes." We respectfully submit that, as it is the

duty of the Colonial Surgeon to attend to prisoners in the gaol, as he is solely responsible for their medical requirements' and treatment, and in seeing in all cases of sickness that everything possible that medical science can afford, is done for their relief, it was the duty of the Coroner, in the interests of the public, to have placed before the jury, in the case alluded to above, the independent opinion of properly qualified medical officer. We do not wish for one moment to lead the public to infer that Dr. Avres did not give the deceased his best attention in every way, nor do we wish to throw the faintest shadow of discredit on the medical evidence he gave at the coroner's inquest. But it is our duty to point out that to make the Co-Ionial Surgeon the sole judge of the manner in which he performs his public duties, to free him from any description of supervision whatsoever, to constitute him, in fact, an independent and altogether irresponsible public functionary, constitutes an [7] irregularity which should not be permitted to exist. It might appear to some persons from a careful perusal of the report of the inquest on the body of Woxa Lox, that, under the circumstances, a vague verdict of "death from natural causes" was not altogether so satisfactory as could have been wished. However, with that part of the question we do not care to deal at present; but we lay it down in strong terms. that in all cases where prisoners die in gaol, it is imperative that an independent medical opinion both as to the cause of death and mode of treatment, should be laid before the jury.

THE question of "Female Education" is one that is generally beset with difficulties in the East. Caste, religion, and tradition are the prejudicial influences which surround it, which sometimes present insuperable barriers to enlightened progress, neither in consonance with the age nor local surroundings. While Hongkong can boast, and has reason to be proud, of the many excellent institutions where Chinese boys may obtain all that is required of them in their ordinary walks of life, and to spicuous by their absence. The Sanitary comfit them as good and useful members of society, the absence of schools-Anglo-Chinese—where corresponding suitable instruction could be imparted to their sisters, is much to be regretted. This absence of Chinese girls' schools in the Coperform the duty, and on his evidence a long, after four decades of British rule, cannot but elicit surprise—particularly as the subject, which, elsewhere in the East is considered a very delicate one to deal with-is not in China associated with or restricted by the customs which prevail in Hindu and Mahomedan countries. There are certainly a couple of excellent convents and other establishments in the city of Victoria, where all that may be needed, as regards female education, can be obtained; but we must not lose sight of the fact that these institutions have been invariably designed for special purposes, to meet class or sectarian wants, and do not find favor with the Chinese community at structives, from the fact that the celestial has been unfortunately led, from officious' "foreign intervention," to confound religion with education. It will, therefore, be only by private, undenominational, or Government schools, that he can be inducedif at all—to do what is against his imbibed notions on the subject, or change his tendency to conservatism, which is so conspicuous a national characteristic. The question is, as we have already said, one of extreme intricacy; but, as regards this Colony, will, we have no doubt, be carefully dealt with, and meet the attention it merits. An apparent difficulty might possibly arise many sources exist in Hongkong as well as in other parts of China from which those lady teachers requisite for the preliminary stages of education could be drawn. Besides, mere scholastic attainments alone would not be the sole object of such insti tutions as those which we advocate. Over and above that mentioned, there would be other aims, embracing the moral training and useful knowledge, so that the advantages to be derived from the teaching imparted, would have, on the whole, both a

> practical and beneficial value. WITH reference to the letter signed "Applicant," addressed to the North China Daily News, and transferred to our columns yesterday, we are requested to call attention to the statement made by the Chairman of the Canton Insurance Office to the meeting of shareholders held on the 8th December last. That statement was to the effect that the General' Agents of the office would provisionally take up 5,000 shares in the Canton Insurance Office, Limited, and pay, on their own account, the full amount of the calledup capital thereon, viz., \$250,000 into the Company's Bankers, as security for the Policy holders, until the shares had been allotted. This amount was duly deposited with the Hongkong and shanghai Bank, to the credit of the Company, on 1st January

WE have advices from the North that preparations are being made at Nanking to offer a grand reception to the Viceroy Tso-tsung-t'ang on the inst. 3rd of next month, at which date he is expected to reach that city.

LI-A-YING a shop coolie in the employ of Messrs Kelly and Walsh was charged at the Police Court before Dr. F. stewart, this morning, with stealing a \$25 note from the till on their premises in Queen's Road. After hearing the evidence the magistrate found the charge proved, and sentenced the prisoner to four months' imprisonment with hard labor.

THE Choya Shimbun hears that the type factory at Tsukiji, Tokio, is becoming more and more prosperous every day, and many orders are received. In December last the Corean Ambassador, previous to his leaving for Corea, bought printing materials there, and in acknowledgment of the instructions in working the machines given by a Japanese employe, the Ambassador presented a quantity of paper to the Japanese.

THE Chinking correspondent of the Shanghai Mercury says that Captain Bisbee, the Divisional Inspector, arrived here a few days ago, and has since then been surveying the river from Kwachow to silver Island. The Customs are building a jetty immediately opposite the THE worthy gentleman who manipulates the entrance of the examining shed, which has been long wanted; it will considerably facilitate the shipping and landing of cargo at the Customs.

THE Wanchai Club, a rising and popular institution established some little time ago in Queen's Road East, has lately achieved a good deal of success in the Quadrille parties given under Club auspices. The committee intend trying a new style of amusement, so have announced a masquerade for the evening of Wednesday, February 1st. Under the management of the very efficient Club committee we do not doubt that this entertainment will prove most enjoyable and successful in every possible way.

We would carnestly direct the attention of the authorities to the great want of public urinals in the Colony. Unfortunate Chinese are frequently punished for committing a nuisance, which in consequence of the existing state of things, there is much excuse for. Moreover, there can be little doubt that proper provision in this respect would result in a less liberal use of the surface channels at night time than that which now prevails, often to an extent which cannot but he pernicious to the public health. Hongkong can kindly deserve the title of a model Colony when public requirements of such a nature are conmissioner from the Colonial office, now in Hongmight take note of the suggestion if he has not

already done so. A curious case, which reminds one of the pathetic story of Picciolo and his prison flower, cropped up at the Central Criminal Court the other day. A man named Edwards was charged with attempting to wound a warder in Coldbath-Fields Prison with intent to do him grievous bodily harm. It appears that Edwards is underventilator, and between "mousie" and the pri- templated, for it is to be noted that the augmentasoner a warm friendship was struck up. Mousic I tion and strengthening of the ficet, and the fed off the man's rations, and recompensed him | erection of forts commanding the entrances to for its keep by its affectionate playfulness. the Empire by sea, are carried out with more prison authorities apprehended the mouse, took | ment of and additions to the land forces. The of some of the prison officials he seized an oakum knife and made a lunge at Hewetson, the warder, as he was quitting the cell. The proof not being very clear, Mr. Justice Hawkins, in summing up, large. If anything, we are constrained to expressed commiseration for the prisoner, and Our Macao correspondent casually alludes to say, they have acted detrimentally as ob- pointed out weakness of the case as to rodent, recently exposed scandal which has for the past whereupon the jury at once found a verdict t not guilty. It was argued on the part of the neighbouring colony. It would appear that prosecution that friendly intercouse between the gambling has for a considerable time past been man and the mouse was against the regulations of the prison; but if such is really the case the regulations must be exceedingly stupid. What harm was the prisoner or his poor little fellowromantic attachment to each other? Prisoner although he was, there must have been something good in this man in that he could by kindness gain the confidence of the poor, "wee, timorous beastie," and who knows but the mouse, had it been allowed to live, might have been the honoured means of the man's moral regeneration. Had there been a Burns alive now we guess he would have made these small-souled mouse mur-

> THE Hiogo News states that there was splendid race in Kobe harbour on the 11th inst. between a gig belonging to H.M.s. Flying Fish and a compradore boat. It seems that some o the officers of the Flying Fish were desirous o seeing the two methods of propulsion-oars and yulohs-tried, and the contest was arranged accordingly. The gig pulled five oars, while he antagonist-known to be the fastest boat of the kind in harbour-had six men yulohing. A start was made in the forenoon, but one of the native oars broke, and the sendo went over the side. The race had then to be postponed, and a fresh start took place shortly after two o'clock, th native boat going off with a decided lead. The course selected was round the shipping, and every inch of the way was stoutly contested. For the greater part of the distance it seemed as the native crew would prove victorious, but th Flying Fish stuck gamely to their work, and in rounding a steamer off shinden, drew clear of their adversary." There was then a fine struggle the native boat showed in front, and these positions were several times reversed, the race being in doubt almost to the last. Just at the finish the crew of the gig put on a tremendous spurt and landed their boat a winner by about half a boat's length. We understand that the gig is rather heavily built, and the crew not by any means the best available. The losing boat, on the contrary, is remarkably fast of the kind, and was well manned. It is therefore reasonable to assume that the result of this race proves the superiority of oars over yulohs for fast works

TELEGRAMS for Bangkok can go forward by mai closing at singapore at 5 p.m. to-day the 26th

THE P. & O. S. N. Co.'s steamer Sumatra, extra, from Bombay, left singapore for Hongkong at noon yesterday the 25th inst.

wise as we were before, as to what has actually this cowardly outrage. transpired in our future dependency.

WE see it announced in home papers that Prince Roland Bonaparte, who married Madame Blanc's youngest daughter, has recently sold his interest in the Monaco gambling-tables to a "society of English capitalists" for 23,000,000 francs.

BOSNIA was first reported by special telegram to be in a disturbed state; it was then announced that the insurrectionary movement was spreading through Dalmatia, Bosnia, and becoming a regularily organised rebellion; and we now learn that the Bosnian insurgent bands are very numerous, and armed with breech-loading rifles; also that the gendarmes are retreating. Who are the gendermes?

telegraph wires for Baron Reuter has no doubt a very difficult task to perform at times when news are scarce, to give satisfaction to his many clients all over the world. It must, however, be confessed that he sometimes wires what can only be regarded as "padding." He tells us yesterday that Fenianism is widespread in Ireland, when as a matter of fact the whole civilised world has been quite well aware of that for many months

THE China Mail of last nights says:—" By an un fortunate slip the scores in yesterday's cricket match, between the Club and Fire Brigade, were placed under the wrong headings, thus showing the Brigade to have won, instead of the Club, as was really the case." We detest quibbling over trifles, but from our hypercritical contemporary the above explanation is rather too "thin"; in fact it is a clear case of jumping out of the fryingpan into the fire. The "artist" who wrote about the "unfortunate slip" conveniently overlooked the fact that in the few lines of introduction to the cricket match in question, it was plainly asserted that the Club were beaten by an innings and 31 runs. This was no doubt another "unfortunate slip" which the apologetic scribe deemed it politic to ignore. And yet our contemporary poses as a high-class, and most reliable journal

By infomation that reaches us (Japan Herald) from China, it would appear that those who govern the Councils of "the Flowery Land" are slowly but surely girding up their lains for a tussle with Japan, being moved thereto by the rankling sores caused by the Japanese descent upon Formosa, and the annexation of Loo Choo. The constant additions of fast and powerful ships to the Chinese Navy, armed with heavy guns of the newest patterns, with great initial velocity and penetrative power, would seem to indicate, going a term of two years' imprisonment for for- now the Russian difficulty has been arranged, gery. A mouse had got into his cell through the that some formidable maritime operation is con-"From information received," however, the vigour and at greater expense than the equipit way, and, without trial, executed it. This so | defences of the scaboard are, at the vulnerable incensed Edwards that, according to the evidence | points, being put into a state of efficiency, so as to be capable of repelling any scaboard enemy should the navy to the meantime not have swept the seas of hostile ships.

few days caused a deal of excitement in the indulged in on board the Portuguese gunboat Tamega, and fabulous sums were said to have been won by the Paymaster of the vessel at the well known Chinese game, fan-tan. Be that as captive doing to anybody by indulgence in this it may, a state of affairs appears to have been allowed to exist which reflects but little credit either on the management or discipline of the Portuguese Navy. The China Mail reports, officially no doubt, that grave suspicious have been entertained for some time that there was a screw loose somewhere in the paymaster's department of the Tamega, as the quarterly accounts had not been "rendered with the punctuality usually pertaining to a wel regulated management of affairs.". If this be so, inreference to the teaching staff. Doubtless | derers smart for their pains!-People's Journal. | it may well be asked, if suspicions that something was wrong actually existed, why was a searching inquiry not instituted without delay It is stated that inquiries at the Hongkong banks were made respecting Mr. saturnino's financia transactions with them, which proved the reverse of satisfactory, and as a deficiency of some \$30,000 has been discovered in the paymaster's accounts, for which no satisfactory its new garb, and, as an old journalist of some explanation has been offered, that official has been placad under arrest. It is currently reported in Macao that Mr. Saturnino, the paymaster of the Tamega, has been an extensive patron and supporter of the fan-tan hells, and that the whole of the missing money has been recklessly thrown away at this stupid game Whether this be true or not, we of course canno say, and until the officer now in custody formally tried, it would be unfair to imput charges against him of which he may be quite guiltless. The moral guilt of the Portuguese Government in falling so low as to derive, in these enlightened days, a revenue—an existence back to the man-of-war. First the gig and then in fact-from such a disgraceful source, as the licensing of public gambling-houses, could not have been brought home to them in a more forcible manner than by this unfortunate fiasco. Out of evil good may come, and it is just pos, publishing the same at such great length. It sible that, when the present scandalous state of affairs in Macao is brought to the notice of the Lisbon Government, and the Lisbon press, some decisive steps may be taken to ameliorate the degrading position of the Macaense, and to purify the modern Gomorrahi

A CORRESPONDENT writes :- "On my way down from. Robinson-road this morning, my attention was struck by a placard pasted on the wall opposite the residence of Dr. E. J. Eitel, Government Inspector of Schools. A more flagrant outrage on common decency I never saw; and this scurrilous placard is calculated to materially injure the career and prospects of Dr. Eitel, as a LATEST home telegrams announce that the poli- | servant of the Government, and Inspector of tical situation in Egypt is improving; but they | Schools, it is to be hoped the authorities will take omit to state in what manner, so we are just as | steps to discover the scoundrels who perpetrated

HONGKONG MEDICAL MISSION.

We have been requested to state that the Committee of the Hongkong Medical Mission met at the offices of Messrs. Linstend & Davis on January 13th. There were present: Mr. H. W. Davis. (Chairman), Mr. J. Macgregor, Mr. D. R. Crawford, Dr. W. Young, Rev. R. Lechler, and Rev. J. C. Edge (Hon. Sec.)

The Report for the quarter ending 31st Dec. 1881 was presented. It was stated that thirtysix visits had been made to the Dispensary, and that nine hundred and twenty-seven patients had been attended to. For the present the Dispensary is open, three days a week, from 7 to 8.30 a.m. each day. Much interest has been shown in the work of the Mission by the Chinese, and it is evident that its operations are meeting a

The outlay for medicines has been a littleover \$80.

A letter has been received from the London Missionary Society, stating that the Directors will gladly join with the work of the Medical Mission, and that they undertake to appoint a Medical Missionary to labour in Hongkong.

It was agreed that a statement of the present position of the Mission should be communicated to the public press.

As yet the Mission has only begun its work. Its aim is to found an hospital; and upon this important undertaking it will proceed as soon as there are sufficient funds in hand.

Mr. H. W. Davis (of Messrs. Linstead & Davis) is the Treasurer of the Mission.

HONGKONG, CANTON, AND MACAO STEAM-BOAT COMPANY, LIMITED.

MEETING-THIS DAY.

The Ordinary half yearly meeting of the above. named Company was held at the Offices, Queen's Road, this afternoon. There were present-the Hon. E. R. Belilios, (Chairman), the Hon. F. Bulkeley Johnson, and Messrs. A. McIver and W. Reiners (Directors), Mr. P. A. da Costa (secretary), and Messrs. A. E. Vaucher, H. Foss, J. T. Chater, J. V. da Rocha, Hon. P. Ryrie, E. George, G. Holmes, A. s. Cohen, D. McCulloch, T. Arnold, H. N. Mody, H. Esmail, and G. de Champeaux.

The secretary read the notice convening the meeting, and the CHAIRMAN then rose and said -Gentlemen, as customary, we will take this report as read. With this remark, gentlemen L have to acquaint you of the satisfactory disposal of the Kiashan. We have again to contend with a strong opposition, and, notwithstanding, our carning and working accounts for the half-year under review happily show, a good figure. A great deal of our prosperity is attributed to the economical management of your affairs by the present hands. The expenditure, as compared with the late general managers', Messrs. Augustine Heard and Co., shows some 25 to 27 percent, in your favour in the disbursements. The views of the shareholders, at the last meeting, have been carried out, namely, the reduction of expenses. The slightest averse rumour affected the company a great deal, but we have happily surmounted the several vague reports circulate concerning ourselves. Our new steamer is in course of completion, and a telegram from London dated the 21st instant received here the following day, says "Launch successful," which I have no doubt is the case; and under the circumstances she will be running in these waters when we see you again. We will have paid in full for her, by the time she is out, from the reserve. With these remarks, gentlemen, I beg to propose that the report be adopted.

The Hon. P. RYRIE seconded. Carried unanimously. Mr. McIver proposed the re-election of the uditors.

Mr. H. N. MODY seconded Carried unanimously. The CHAIRMAN then announced that the dividends would be payable on and after satur-

This concluded the business, when Mr. H. N. Mony proposed a vote of thanks to the Chairman and Directors, which was carried by acclamation.

MACAO.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.) MACAO, 25th January.

I have to congratulate you upon your success. n the Supreme Court the other day, which has been much talked about here, also upon the publication of the Hongkong Telegraph in its enlarged form. It is really very interesting in considerable experience, I may be parmitted to give my opinion that it is the best printed newspaper in China. Presuming you will still continue to give me a quiet corner in the new sheet, I will shortly resume my dogged dissertations on educational and general matters in this pro-

You will have noted the arrival of the transport Africa. She comes over to your port to be docked early to-morrow.

There are so many rumours affoat at present in this Baden-Baden of the Far East anent Fantan catastrophes, that I am sorely tempted to send you a sketch from life of a local romance. The task is perhaps beyond my capacity; however, the spirit of satire is too strong to be resisted, and the heroes are ready to my hand to be immortalised in your columns. The teachers and boys of our Commercial

school were greatly pleased to see such a nice account of the speeches and proceedings at the annual distribution of prizes, and desire men express their best thanks for your kindness must be gratifying to you that your views on the commercial and educational afteessities of Macao, have been received with great favor, in official as well as in general circles. The Telegraph has deservedly become a popular and permanent institution in the "gem of the

We take the following telegraphic items from our Australian exchanges, received by the E. & Company's steamer Catterthun, Captain-Miller, which arrived in harbour this morning :-

LONDON, December 21st. The Montreal branch of the Irish Land League threatens to publish the names of the Irish residents who refuse to contribute to the funds of the Irish National Convention in Chicago. Several Nihilists have been arrested in St.

Petersburg, who were detected dynamite enclosed in oranges.

December 22. Mr. Hamlin, the United States representative at the Court of Madrid, has presented his credentials to King Alfonso XII. The King, in reply, people in the loss they had sustained by the death of President Garfield.

The swiss House of Assembly have under consideration a bill granting succour and protection to the sufferers by the disastrous earthquakes which have been lately experienced throughout the cantons.

The workmen who were engaged in construct-The workmen who were engaged in construct- newspapers censure Judge Cox, and go so far as ing the st. Gothard Tunnel, in the Alps, have to urge that he should be impeached. been paid off.

from cold and exposure in Algeria, and much sickness prevails.

The Archbishop of Canterbury has issued a circular addressed to the clergy and laity of the Church of England, in which he proposes that direct means of communication between the home and colonial churches, with a view to the spread of knowledge concerning the colonies, and for the spiritual benefit of immigrants. MADRID, December 22nd.

In the Spanish Cortes the Marques Armiego Foreign Minister, stated that the Government had protested against a charter being granted by Great Britain to North Bornco, as being subject to spain, and representations on the subject had been made to the British Government. Diplomatic correspondence is being carried out between the two countries, but no result has yet been arrived at.

ROME, December 22. Deputies by Signor Mancini, Minister of Foreign Affairs, in regard to the French occupation of Tunis, he said that Italy did not recognize the with. treaty entered into by the Bey of Tunis with the representative of the French Government, and that the Italian Government intended to closely watch the future action of the French in Tunis, and protect Italian interests in that country. Great Britain, he stated, has tacitly accepted the treaty without protest.

LONDON, December 22. At a large meeting of Irish landlords in Dublin a motion was unanimously passed condemning the working of the Land Act, and demanding that they should, in accordance with Mr. Gladstone's promise, be compensated for losses occasioned by the large reductions made by Land Commissions, in fixing the amount of rental to be paid by tenants.

Six ladies have contributed a sum of £9,000 to the fund initiated for the defence of property during the present-period of lawlessness in Ireland.

December 23. since the catastrophe at the Rink Theatre in Vienna, the public have almost entirely forsaken the other theatres in the city. In order to restore confidence in the minds of the people, the lessees of the various theatres and places of amusement have formed a deputation to the Emperor, asking that experts might be appointed to report on the means of egress from the buildings.

.Seventeen British sailors have been arrested at New Orleans for causing a disturbance at a public meeting in that city.

The proposal to hold an Industrial Exhibition in Dublin next year has been abandoned owing I to the disputes which have arisen in reference to asking the patronage of her Majesty to the undertaking. Considerable controversy has arisen, and it was considered advisable under the circumstances to abandon the proposal

Seizures are constantly being made in Ireland under the Arms Act. Yesterday the police sucrifles, to revolvers, and a quantity of ammunition. League, who was arrested two months ago, was

CONSTANTINOPLE, December 23rd. Turkestan.

LONDON, December 23rd. One of the members of the Ladies' Land sonment.

in the canals.

England. Much regret is expressed by the inhabitants of Natal that Evelyn declined to accept the Governorship of that colony. December 25th.

Forty-four petitions have been numerously signed in favour of the release of the candidates who were recently convicted of bribery at the elections. Sir Vernon Harcourt, Secretary of interfere in the matter.

The revolution at Hayti has been suppressed. 150 of the insurrectionary forces were killed. return of Cetewayo.

An agitation has been got up France for an increase in the payment of legislators. NATAL, December 25th.

Sir Henry Evelyn Wood has refused the Governorship of Natal, which was offered him after Mr. W. J. Sendall's appointment was cancelled, and hasembarked for England.

PARIS, December 25th. M. Roustan returns to Tunis, and resumes his post there as Minister Resident and Charge d'Affaires.

CONSTANTINOPLE, December 24th. Russia is opposing the settlement of the Turkish debt, because the Porte is pledging her new revenues for the payment of the bondholders'

- PARIS, December 24th. Three of the principal tribes of Southern Tunis continue to offer resistance to the French. and operations against them are proceeding. Other parts of the country are pacified.

Rome. December 24th. His Holiness the Pope, in receiving the college cardinals at the Vatican, made an important speech. His Holiness said his position as a prisoner in Rome was growing unbearable, and he expected the Popedom still to be subjected to severe persecution.

LONDON, December 26th. by which a loss of £150,000 was sustained. It has been ascertained that the recent terrible catastrophe in a church at Warsaw was caused by a Jewish pickpocket crying "Fire." The people, 30 of whom were killed by the crush world, especially if there is only enough on the dle like that. which followed. When it was discovered that | table for 12.

the alarm had been raised by a Jew, the inhabitants retaliated by sacking the Jewish shops in A Cunard liner has sunk the barque Helenslea

from San Francisco, and several of those on board the latter vessel were drowned. The military are patrolling Queenstown, in Ireland, for the purpose of preserving order,

LONDON, December 27. And appalling accident has happened in the Wesleyan Chapel, Camborne, Cornwall. This edifice is of peculiar design, the main auditorium, used for Sabbath services, and accommodating about 2,000 persons, having above it a lecturehall, in which minor meetings are held. In this lecture-hall a bazaar was opened during the Christmas holidays, and while several hundred visitors and attendants were present the flooring gave way, precipitating a large number of persons into the auditorium below. Some of those who expressed his sympathy with the American fell were killed, and others were seriously injured. It is proposed to curtail the vacations in the Law Courts, but the Judges are showing much

opposition in the matter. The press in the United States is becoming disguested at the extent to which the trial of the assassin Guiteau is being prolonged, and the inethod in which it is being carried out. The

The disturbances at Warsaw which followed The French troops are suffering considerably the discovery that a Jewish pickpocket was the cause of the recent disastrous panie in a church there, have ended in general anti-Jewish riots. The police have arrested 600 persons for being concerned in the riots,

The boiler of a steamer exploded on York there should be brought into operation a more | River, in Maine, United States, and 20 of those on board were killed.

LONDON, December 28. His Honor Charles Lilley, Chief Justice of Queensland, has received the order of knighthood A riot broke out during the performance in Cork theatre, and a panic ensued among the people. Numbers of persons were either killed or wounded in the rush for the doors.

The death is announced of the Right Honorable Sir Robert Lush, one of the Lords Justices of Appeal, at the age of 74.

Paris, December 28. Sir Charles Dilke, British Under-Secretary for Foreign Affairs, has returned here from London for the purpose of renewing negotiations with In a specech delivered in the Chamber of the French Government for the conclusion of the new Commercial Treaty. It is understood that the Commission will resume its labours forth-

VIENNA, December 27. The difficulty between Austria and Roumania, which recently led to an interruption of diplomatic relations, owing to a misunderstanding upon the question of the navigation of the Danube, has now been settled, and the representatives of the two countries will return to their posts forthwith. Roumania has, however, formally apologised to the Austro-Hungarian Government for the attitude she recently assumed.

#### A RAID ON A GAMBLING DEN.

Whatever different conditions generally obtain in the Model Settlement, as compared with Hongkong, it is certain that Shanghai is afflicted with two ailments from which we suffer to no inconsiderable extent, namely, fires and gambling. The Daily Press, having for some time past vainly attempted to teach the authorities here how to extinguish the one evil and stamp out the cold shoulder put to its advice if it addressed the municipal authorities of the northern port. The Shanghai Mercury, reporting recent proceedings at the Mixed Court, says:-

"There was a great stir in Court. Chen lit another eigar. The Superintendent of Police. two inspectors, four or five sergeants, and some dozens of detectives, informers, and constables appeared on the scene; some the latter were dragging-batches of four and five poor Chinamen, amounting altogether to forty. These poor fellows were quietly enjoying themselves last night at 9 o'clock, in a house in the Wao Chung Road, which they kept for the purpose, ceeded in making a seizure at Limerick of 30 when a lot of red-haired devils, and native policemen, suddenly hurst into the house, and sur-Kettle, a prominent member of the Land prised them (although they had taken particular care to place watchinen so that they would not released yesterday morning, owing to his ill robbed and disturbed). Snatching up their dollars and jewellery, some were so frightened that they tried to escape through the roof of the house, O'Donovan, late correspondent of the Daily but did not succeed. There were forty, just having a News at Mery, has arrived here, and some ex. | quiet game of fan-tan, when these red haired devils citement was caused by his publicly slandering with their assistants entered. They not only the Sultan. O'Donovan will probably be called to marched these innocent people to the Police account for his statements, which have reference | Station, but took 89 silver dollars, small coins to the alleged action on the part of the sultan | \$1.85, five silver watches, three jade bangles, in relation to the Mahomedan population of one solid gold ring, a bucket of cash, a large knife, four iron bars for watchmen's use, and all their implements which they used for their innocent amusement. They were not only kept up League has been sentenced to a month's impri- the Police Station all night, but shamefully marched through the streets the next morning, Heavy fogs have occurred in the Midland | tied together, to be laughed at by the gaping counties, and several persons have been drowned | crowds. The arena before the Magistrate's bench was thickly packed. Forty, all Cantonese, were sir Evelyn Wood has embarked at Natal for on their knees, patiently waiting for Chen to release them from the brutal barbarians. - The superintendent informed the Magistrate that outside men had to be employed and paid to catch these martyrs, as they knew everything that was going on at the Police Station. Five of them were connected with or shareholders of the gambling den, and four were watchmen. The remaining 31 were gamblers. The seven State for the Home Department, has declined to watches were not of the best make, and some of them very ancient. The thirty-one gamblers were the first that Mr. Chen settled with, and after he had lectured them on filial piety and An agitation is on foot at Durban for the culture, and expressed his sympathy for them in the circumstances, he brought tears to their eyes by the announcement of the sentence of a fine of \$5 each, with the alternative of one month's im-

prisonment. One of the shareholders, well known to the police was the next. He was fined for the same exhorbitant rates of the Imperial Maritime the British Legation—their place of encampment Cross-examined by Mr. Kempe—I brought He was a rich man. so the feeling Magistrate Chinese Mandarins cannot be expected to act first overland courier arrived here on Christmas me an inquiry, and he called on me to vindicate therefore run him in for one year without option of a fine. The next was served likewise, he being a rich man too, and an old offender. Both these martyrs left with very long faces. The next was another shareholder, with plenty of dollars, so it was said, and he was let off lightly with a fine of \$100 or six months. Two others, the shroff and banker of the den, were simply fined \$75 or four months. The four watchmen only being left, Chen looked at one of them, a man of about 70 years with a frown as he was told he had dollars; after a word of advice, he fined him \$100 or 6 months. Another, who had been convicted before, was run in for 6 months without the option of a fine. The remaining two were fined \$25 each or two months. The things that had been taken were

confiscated. Detective Mack was the means of these innocents being persecuted; he was dressed in Chinese

First Swell-"Does it seriously make no differ- connection between the Chamber of Commerce

SHANGHAI:

The Curaçoa left this port yesterday, the 19th, for Chinkiang, and is expected back, we believe, in about a fortnight.-N. C. Daily

A correspondent informs us that the Chinese students lately returned from U.S. have been allowed to select their own professions. si have been assigned to the Naval department six to the torpedo department, one to the Cus toms, one to telegraphy, and two to mining.

The proprietor of some ground at the back of Chu-ka-za is having some graves removed, and yesterday a grave was opened of very solid construction; in it an embalmed body was found in a state of perfect preservation, just if a man had gone to sleep. He was dressed in the garb and coiffure of the Ming dynasty with a bean reaching to his waist. When they attempted to remove the remains they crumbled to pieces and little but the bones was left,-Mercury.

Three years ago a man was murdered near Nanking, and the authorities after torturing priest and a butcher till they confessed tha they were the murderers, put them to death. thief was afterwards arrested and he confessed that he had committed the murder. Consequently the relatives of those who fell victims to the mistake of the mandarins, brought the matter to the notice of the Emperor, and now the mandarin who sentenced the two men to death has been ordered to Peking to explain his conduct. Whether death banishment is to be his sentence remains to be seen .- Temperance

It is reported by telegram from Vladivostock that 200 bales of Sheeting and T-Cloths, landed on the ice, had been lost owing probably to the breaking up of the ice from a "warm wave."

A fire broke out in the native city of Hankow at about seven o'clock on the evening of the 14th instant. At one time the fire was considered of a very serious nature, but timely aid having arrived, the fire was got under about ten o'clock. Nothwithstanding this, several houses were -burnt out.

The Shanghai commercial world will be agreeably surprised to learn that the allotments in the Canton Insurance Company, were issued this afternoon, only some ten days after the Hongkong allotments. Interest has been excessively high in the settlements during the last fortnight, which may possibly account for the

A Chinaman, belonging to a Chinese medicine shop, was crushed to death on the 21st inst., on the King-fong-toong wharf. It appears that the unfortunate man was standing on the wharf, waiting for somebody or something, which he had dreamt on the previous night would arrive from Ningpo, when the steamer Kiangteen arrived. The result was that he was crushed between the steamer and the wharf. Both hi hands were first jambed between the wharf and the steamer, and when an alarm was raised, the steamer commenced to turn slowly, but on doing so, the Chinaman was also turned and instantly crushed. An alarm of fire was raised to-day, at about

11.30, and from the signal bell it was found to be in the Hongkew District. The time being a convenient one for the Celestials, a large concourse of natives arrived in the vicinity of the fire, which was at the junction of the North Honan Road and the Tiendong Road. With the utmost speed a large staff of police were on the spot under the personal direction of Superintendent Penfold, and he was assisted by Inspectors Stripling and Wilson. The fire brigade was not the other, might, perhaps, not get so much of so well represented as usual, but we must not omit to state that the "Deluge" and "Victoria" engines, and the Mihho-loong Hook and Ladder Company were promptly on the spot, and rendered good service. We understand that the fire broke out in a Chinese carpenter's shop, and at the outset the fire spread with great rapidity, and it was only by the timely cutting off of the fire from contiguous buildings that a serious destruction of property was averted. it was, there were five houses completely demolished, and two others in such an advanced state of dilapidation as to be utterly auntenable. The fire was got under at about one o'clock; and all danger being over, the brigades retired, and the smouldering mass was left in charge of the police. The French engine "Le Torrent, arrived at the scene of the fire, but too late to be of any use. The Hongkew Engine (No. 2), was conspicuous by its absence; but we imagine, after past experience, when it has been found that the Hongkew engine is nearly always first on the spot, that it experienced some hindrance in its passage to the scene of conflagration. We can only infer that the engine in some way got jammed in some of the narrow thoroughfares, which are at present opened up for the purpose of the Waterworks Company. The usual complaint was again made of the indistinctness of the Central Fire Bell, and the sooner some means are adopted to provide a bell that will reach beyond a radius of one mile the better it will be for the community at large. Not only is it deficient in resonance, but the manner in which the bell is hung, and boxed in, shows that all accoustic principles have been entirely ignored.—Courier.

### CHINKIANG.

Nothing very stirring has occurred in this riverine port since New Year, and even the election for Municipal Council, which came off on the 19th inst., was quite a tame affair-nobody killed. There were only four candidates, of which, Messrs, Salter, Duff, and Bean were elected, the whole affair being over in about an hour's time, very ably conducted by Mr. Bristow at H.B.M.'s Consulate.

A bogus election placard was struck up somewhere on the bund, which on examination proved to be a rather feeble and ridiculous concoction, pecuniary experience in connection with innova- twelve manner of fruits of Paradise, though they husband, and it was necessary that something tions adopted by the outside barbarians, may have only yield their fruit once a year. the effect of prejudicing them against introducing any more improvements, such as railways, for school in Peking, inaugurated by the American instance, from the civilisation of the red haired Methodist Mission here draw large outside from these abominable charges, was also put in. foreigners. Returning to the humbug placard audiences and do much good. Already two of again, it only remains to chronicle one or two the course have been delivered—the first by Dr. of that letter I consulted my solicitors, Messrs.

wants a job as station-master), and telephonic

months, at a low level, which makes it dangerous for vessels of deep draught to proceed through silver Island Pass. Last year the harbour master surveyed the Channel carefully with a view of buoying the same, and several rocks and shoal places were found, which were unknown before, and are not laid down in the Admiralty chart. During the tea season the river is high and these rocks are not so dangerous; but now rice steamers, some of them drawing 19 and 20 feet water, are leaving Chinkiang and Wuhu constantly for southern ports, and it is to be hoped that something may be done before any large vessels come to grief. Some of the leading river pilots have lately applied to the Commissioner of Custons for a buoy on the spit extending to the eastward of silver Island, which would enable them to go to the northward of silver Island, instead of going through the Pass, and perhaps something will be done, when the harbour-master returns from Foochow where he has been during the last few months. That gentleman is an old navigator himself, and he understands thoroughly what is required for the purpose of safe navigation; at least the buoys and beacons existing in his district have been, kept in excel lent order during his term of office, and he would no doubt greatly add to his general and well deserved popularity by laying an additional buoy down in the position pointed out by the petition handed in last week by the pilots; the more so as such a buoy probably would only be required for a few months, when the river is low in winter. Captain Bisbee, Harbour Master and Divisional Inspector from shanghai, is now in port, surveying the harbour; perhaps he, too, will use his influence to get a buoy placed where most wanted, after he has finished his present survey,-Shanghai Mercury.

again complaints appear in the Gazette against | destroying a large number of houses and conthe rapacity of the hau-hu or superintendents of | siderable quantities of grain. these storehouses of the rice for the military and greatest corruption in regard to the granaries. found his way back, and although his name does not appear on the list of officers connected with the granaries, it is well known that he is behind the scenes and pulling the wires. He lives in a stately palace with a number of retainers, and when he goes out in his cart he has a large retinue attending him. Not only the poor bannermen, but the highest in office including the Imperial princes, are muleted of their money and their rice by this arch-scoundrel. The plan is as follows. The Board of Revenue or the heads of the various Banners issue orders for so much rice. On presenting this cheque at the granaries, unless about 25 or 30 per cent. is paid over to those in charge, the worst rice imaginable is meted out, one half of it consisting of earth. To such an extent has this system of extortion been carried; that a class of rice-brokers, called tui-fang, has arisen, who negotiate for the purchase of these rice-cheques, making a handsome profit thereby, sometimes amounting to as much as 40 per cent. These brokers are established by or are in league with the granary officials. The rice thus gained is sold to the rice-shops throughout the city, thereby securing an additional large profit. Complaints became lately so numerous that the police were sent to apprehend the suspected individual. His servants beat the police and soldiers sent to seize him, and he escaped into the city. He has, however, been taken into custody; and Heaven and Earth are moved, vast sums of money are spent, the Boards and officials right and left are besought to interfere to save him, the plea being urged that he is not the guilty person. The Censor, however, repeats that he is. The Emperor orders the case to be truly investigated. man for an enemy. His myrmidons would soon make an end of any one who might withstand

vince of Kirin, adjoining Corea, who have for some time been cultivating the soil there. objection is offered to their on account of their of China; and therefore its inhabitants may have

the privileges of Chinese subjects. The winter solstice occurred the other day, and it was remarkable in this respect—that no pose that the alleged improprieties are said to other way. It appears to us that on the evidence executions took place immediately before it, as have taken place. Afterwards the defendant no other conclusion could possibly be arrived at usual. This was not because there were no criminals to execute, but because the Imperial the Rev. Mr. Witts, who previously had had so it is perhaps charitable to infer that the special clemency had been extended to them by a late something to do with the parish, in which letter jurymen in Bull v. Esquilant, were like the Decree, on account of the recovery of the Western | the plaintiff was accused of grossly insulting de- | the Madras jury of whom we wrote yesterday, Empress. The Emperor in proceeding to the fendant's wife, and making improper proposals sadly lacking in experience. Temple of Heaven the night proceeding the to her. Subsequently the defendant addressed solstice, would not be compelled among the a letter to the bishop of the diocese, demanding other official statements of his stewardship for an inquiry into the conduct of the vicar, and enthe past year, to render to the supreme Ruler | closing details of the acts complained of. whose son he is-the usual list of those whose lives he had cut short by reason of crimes. This close connection between the Governor of a nation and the supreme Ruler on high is a healthy one, and may teach rulers to govern with justice tempered with mercy. It is said to be the fault of Confucianism as a system of morality and political economy that the highest link in the chain is not fixed in Heaven but merely goes up to the Father of the Family and the state; but here in the Worship of Heaven the Emperor stands closely | treat at Epping Forest, and Esquilant and his related to the supreme Being. And we know that at the end of the year there is the ascent to the party to the treat. After that the defendant heaven of the Kitchen God, who is supposed to was out of regular work. When I called on him render up an account of the doings of the family | with the convalescent letter, in August, I left it within whose precints he has resided for the past with his wife. When I called again, on Septemtwelve months. So that here, too, is a link of ber 1st, I saw him, when for the first time he connection-a ladder leading from Heaven to made these charges. He called me an "old

Earth-between the Supreme Being and man. mas time near the Race Course. The spot was I told him he must be mad. The conversation but still it was quite sufficient to show what enjoyable, but the weather was cold. Already lasted but a short time, as I thought it better to childish and unreasonable demands some people | the thermometer has got down as low as 7 deg. | leave him that he might cool himself. There is are capable of indulging in. The thing com- at night and 25 deg. by day. The Mongols with not a word of truth in the charges made against menced with a growl against the high tariff of their camels are beginning to pour down from me in the statement of claim. So help me the Imperial Chinese Telegraph service, and the the plateau, and Mongol Square at the back of God, no upon the broad and sound principles of a Row- Day, and nothing could have been more approland Hill, or according to the judicious principle priate, as the home letters were filled with the should not have brought this action. I thought of "small profits, and quick returns?" Most beautiful cards sent at this season. Four Christ- my character stood too high to requite that. decidedly not. Let them keep up any suicidal mas trees have already been held, and the rising high tariff they please—it is the business of no- generation has been laden with all manner of body else; the only pity is that any unpleasant good things; for these trees bear more than the the woman hand made the same charge to her

A series of lectures in Chinese to the Chinese

The River is now, as usual, in the winter had been stolen by thieves. This is not an un- explicity denied all the allegations made against | and is due on the 29th instant,

common procedure in China and a similar practice is not unknown in the West.

The Gazette also contains a Memorial from shensi and Kansuh, proposing to erect a Tsz-tang or Memorial Temple to a former Governor-General of these two N.W. provinces, by name Chi-1839. His reputation was not good, having been inordinately avaricious, and his descendants are now seeking to whitewash their father's character. The Emperor had agreed to the crection of the Temple, but another Memorial on the subject has broken through it by exposing the deception. The Northern Provinces are crowded with these halls, erected to commemorate brave and virtuous deeds. A large number were erected to Tseng asked why the defendant's wife, who was a re-Wang-yeh-the celebrated sankolinsin,

Emperor has begun to pray for snow. This is a common practice in Peking during the winter. It is one of the chief duties of the son of Heaven to intercede with the supreme Ruler for blessings on his people. These prayers can only be intended to have a local answer, for in such large the two things-prayer for rain, and prayer for the cessation of rains. A good barometer with a dry and wet bulb thermometer would prove extremely valuable to the Emperor of China; in fact Orientals might almost be governed by such instruments. No ruler could . The Lord Chief Justice, in summing up, pointed better or more effectively than by manifesting a power of drawing rain and snow from the clouds whenever he felt inclined to exercise that power. The truth of the above observation is illustrated by a memorial in almost the same day's Gazette; stating that in Kiangsi, in four hsien districts, The granaries at Peking permit of the greatest | great rain had fallen on the 18th, 19th, and 20th amount of corruption and squeezing. Now and of the 7th moon, drowning 240 persons and

the bannermen. The other day there appeared | Viceroy, reports to the Throne from Hu-pei that | a severe Memorial from a Censor against T'ang in shih-nan Fu on the borders of szechuen there Yin-t'ing, who has long been guilty of the had been a rising, stealing of property, and destruction of houses by a newly-formed society, leader having been caught and beheaded, peace

had been restored. The New Year here was brought in by an entertainment at the skating Rink, which was ornamented with the flags of different nations, brilliantly illuminated. Refreshments were provided, and a piano with some smaller instruments enlivened the evening with music. The entire

Diplomatic Corps turned up near midnight to join in welcoming in the year 1882.-N. C. Daily ANOTHER IMPORTANT TRIAL

BY JURY. In writing the other day on Trial by Jury, we observed that eccentric juries were to be met new propose to give an account of a very interesting clerical libel case which was heard at home in the Queen's Bench Division on November 17th, before the Lord Chief Justice and a damages 403. Thereupon, Mr. Grantham applied Special Jury. In was an action brought by a clergyman against a parishioner. The defendant pleaded that the libel was true, and that it was published bona-fide and without malice. Mr. Grantham, Q.C., and Mr. Douglas Walker were for the plaintiff, and Mr. Kempe, Q.C., and Mr. Bush Cooper for the defendant.

tham stated that the action was brought by the classes stand in the greatest dread of having this Rev. Charles Bull, incumbent of North Wool- to the extent of 40s. was a gross insult. There wich, for the purpose of vindicating his character from some very serious charges brought against him by the defendant in two letters-one written A Memorial appears regarding the settlement to the Rev. W. F. Witts and the other to the of some poor, Coreans in the Manchurian pro- bishop of the diocese. The defendant had been employed at Becton Gas Works, where he met with an accident, and asked Mr. Bull's advice as to raising an action for compensation. Plaintiff if the jury actually believed that the libel was poverty or to the fact that Corea is a tributary | thought this would be useless, and raised sub- | false and malicious? The opinion of the Lord scriptions among his friends for defendant. Chief Justice on the case was clear enough, his These were handed to defendant's wife, and it refusal to certify for costs plainly showing that was while plaintiff was visiting her for this pur- he thought the verdict should have gone the employed some one to write a letter for him to -at least by persons of ordinary intelligence-

The Rev. Charles Bull, after stating the circumstances of the accident to the defendant, as given in counsel's opening address, said :-- After Esquilant came home from the convalescent hospital I got him another ticket for the hospital That was in August. On June 12th I paid him a bill for repairs to the church, and not a word was said by him of the charge he has since made against me. At this time he was sidesman of the church. On July 16th, I had a school wife were there. Mrs. Bull and I accompanied blackguard," and said I had taken liberties with Two paper hunts took place here about Christ- his wife, and that I should not enter his doors.

myself. Except for the action of the bishop,

The letter from the bishop to the plaintiff, dated Nov. 17, 1880, was put in. It stated that should be done. Another letter of the bishop. dated Sept. 9, advising the plaintiff to call on the defendant's wife, and see if she could clear him Cross-examination continued-In consequence

more attempts at a weak joke and then the whole Edkins, on Astronomy, and the second by Dr. | Chester. They are not my present solicitors. insipid and silly effusion may be allowed to drop | Dudgeon, on the Heart and Circulation of the | On sept 15 Messrs. Chester wrote to the defendinto oblivion; the united efforts of the street Blood, and lectures were copiously illustrated by ant demanding a retractation of the charges. I lamps and the merry twinkling stars to keep the the latter gentleman with his magic lantern. The believe they received a reply from the defendant settlement lit up at night were criticised, the con- third of the series is to be on Inspiration, by the that the charges were true, and that he was preclusion arrived at being that the stars at present | Rev. Mr. sheffield of Tung-chou. The students of | pared to meet me in a court of law. I did not were too high to accomplish the object of shed- the Imperial Gollege turned out in large numbers | begin this action until January, 1881, because I ding sufficient light, and that the city-fathers to these lectures, drawn perhaps by the attrac- had received an address from my parishioners clothes on the night of the capture. Inspectors should be charged to fetch them farther down; a dons of the magic lantern. In these days when asking me to stay proceedings. My statement of A fire has occurred at a granary in Rochdale, Striping and Wilson were in charge of the posse railway was recommended from Canton to Peking so much is being done for the scientific education was not delivered by Mr. Chidley, my previa Chinkiang (perhaps the author of the placard tion of the Chinese, such lectures are invaluable. sent solicitor, until March 4, as I had some hope The Gazette refers to a case in Fukien where that Esquilant would see the wickedness of his coal mines are being wrought and where there charges, and there was a want of funds. I do ence to you whether or not you are 13 at a table? (there is no such Chamber) and the office of the has been a considerable default of money. It not think I saw the interrogatories which were 6th February. alarm resulted in a panic amongst the assembled | Second swell—Why, yes, all the difference in the | man in the moon was asked for, and other twad- | seems that a gang of confederates broke into the | filled on March 20 until later, but I cannot tell |

him by the defendant and his wife. He did once ask that the window blind might be pulled down, because there was a pane of glass broken, through which a draught was coming in.

Mr. Chidley, the plaintiffs solicitor, was then called, and explained the causes which led to the hou, who was engaged in the first opium war in | delay in bringing the present action, and which, he said, was in no way attributable to the plaintiff.

This closed the case for the plaintiff. Mr. Kempe then addressed the jury for the defence. After remarking on the painful character. of the case, and dwelling on the plaintiff's admission that he had only brought this action in consequence of the command of his bishop, and ch his delay in bringing the matter into court, he spectable woman, should make such charges, Bishop scott has left for shantung, and the which it would be terrible to her to repeat in a public court, unless they were true. Did not the defendant's answers about pulling down the blind show that he was in a difficulty as to giving a satisfactory explanation of the matter.

Mrs. Esquilant was then called, and stated that the plaintiff had insulted her on several occadominions, situated under such different geogra- sions, both at the vicarage and at her own house. phical and meteorological conditions; what is one | she did not tell her husband what had occurred man's meat will prove another man's poison. If until two days before he accused Mr. Bull. Her the North lacks rain the south is suffering from | reason for not telling her husband was that he inundation, and so in the same Gazette we have was in a weak state of health, and as she knew. he respected Mr. Bull she feared he could not stand the shock.

The examination of the defendant Esquilant. and one or two other witnesses closed the case for the defence.

establish his authority over an Oriental people out the gravity of the case, involving as it did the veracity of more than one person, on both sides, The principals on the one side or the other must have committed perjury; and it was the jury's thankless and difficult task to find out, if they could, and as best they could, on which side the truth lay. Did they believe the story which Mrs. Esquillent had told before them to-day? No one had ventured to question her respectability or to suggest that the husband was actuated by any sordid motives in instituting the present pro-Li Han-chang, the brother of the Metropolitan | ceedings. So they could only look to the bare actions of the parties and see if they fitted in with probabilities. If it were gross and deliberate prejury Mrs. Esquilant had committed then he must say that the conduct of Mr. Bull, Some years ago he was banished, but has lately and that they had gone into Szechuen to get when the accusations were first made, was very others to rally to their standard; but that the remarkable, and showed singular innocence, to say the least, of the ways of the world. There had been no attempt to extort money; so that the story of defendant's wife, if false, must be an unmixed and unmitigated lie, for which no. damages would be too excessive. Again, the jury might consider that the defendant, who did not seem to have spread the stories of the plaintiff's alleged misconduct, but went direct to the bishop with a demand for an inquiry, believed his wife's statement, although it was untrue, and that he had merely sought, under circumstances of considerable provocation, to vindicate the mother of his children from the gross outrage of one who, of all others, should have protected her. In such a conclusion, they should give neither excessive nor ignominious damages; for a man who committed a libel and then sought to justify it did so at his own peril. The whole question for the with in other places besides Hongkong. We jury was whether they believed the plaintiff or the defendant.

The jury retired to consider their verdict. After an absence of thirty-five minutes they returned into court with a verdict for the plaintiff-

The Lord Chief Justice said he should certainly not allow costs. . The Foreman of the Jury intimated that they had found their verdict on the supposition that 40s. would carry costs. The Lord Chief Justice repeated that he should

not allow costs. Either the jury must have considered the plain-In opening the case for the plaintiff, Mr. Gran- | tiff, to some extent at least, guilty of the charges preferred against him, or a verdict with damages can be little doubt that the social position of the reverend gentleman stood him in good stead with the dozen intelligent jurymen, who, by their verdict, practically condemned the witness on the other side of deliberate perjury of a most vile and corrupt character. But yet how can such an award as 40s. be satisfactorily explained

#### THE MOST VALUABLE DIAMOND IN THE WORLD.

Frank Leslie's Popular Monthly for January 1882, says :- "From all accounts the wonderful Koh-i noor, or "Mountain of Light," the property of her Britannic Majesty, is eclipsed by a recently discovered diamond found in South Africa, and now in the possession of Mr. Porter-Rhodes, who is, I believe, the fortunate discoverer of the gem. The weight of the newly-found stone is one hundred and fifty carats. It is uncut, but from its peculiarly favorable shape is not expected to lose more then ten carats during the process. The diamond is as big as a very large walnut, and is described as "like a hailstone insunlight, of a bewitching transparency, and brilliant whiteness no other precious metal can vie with." Most Cape diamonds are of an inferior yellowish tinge, which detracts from the value of the stones; but this specimen is not only the largest ever discovered, but of a purity unsurpassed by any of its compeers. I understand that the stone was recently shown to the Prince of Wales at Mariborough House, and that his diamonds, when placed beside the Porter-Rhodes stone, were seen to be "off colour." Offers for his property flow in upon the lucky owner from all parts of Europe. The first offer received was £50,000; the most recent one was £100,000. The owner's bankers, I hear, are willing to advance £60,000 against the security. The stone will not, it is thought, change hands under £200.000, which is just £60,000 more than the famous Koh-i-noor is valued at. Mr. Porter-Rhodes asks the trifling sum of £300,000 for his property, and does not seem in any hurry to dispose of it. It is rumoured that a Russian prince is in treaty for the jewel.

### MAILS EXPECTED.

THE AMERICAN MAIL The P. M. steamship City of Tokio, with the next American mail, left san Francisco on the +7th January, and is due here on or about the 7th February.

THE INDIAN MAIL. The direct steamers, with the next Indian mail, left Calcutta on the 21st January, and may be expected to arrive here on or about the 8th February.

### STEAMERS EXPECTED.

The E. and A. steamer Bowen left sydney on the 14th January, and is due here on or about the

The Austro-Hungarian Lloyd's steamer Hunmine one night to make it appear that the money the date. In further cross-examination plaintiff garia left singapore on the morning of the 21sty

### Commercial.

THIS DAY, FOUR P.M.

Since we last wrote not a single transaction in buying or selling shares has come under our notice. We stated yesterday that stocks had slightly depreciated all round without any apparent cause, and we have to chronicle a still further depreciation in most of our local stocks. Banks are very much weaker, a large quantity of shares being on offer at 116 per cent, premium, and we think that even alowerrate would not lead to any extensive investment at present. China Fires are also far less firm than was the case yesterday, offers to sell at 292 per share meeting with no response; Sugars are also on the downward line, for although we have not heard of any shares being offered at less than 1673, we have good grounds for stating that a fair quantity could be secured without difficulty at a reduced rate. Docks are on offer at 44 per cent. premuim without leading to any transfers, Jan. 26, GLENURY, British bark, 800, Nicholson, would-be investors offering 42; but, as above stated, not a single share has changed hands. There have been slight enquiries after the stock of the Steamboat Jan. 26, PRINZ HEINRICH, German steamer, 872, Holmann, Bangkok 17th January, General. Company, but as no shares are on the market at less than 28 per share premium no business has resulted.

Hongkong and Shanghai Bank-116 per cent. premium, sellers. Union Insurance Society of Canton-\$1,600 per

China Traders' Insurance Company-\$1,600 per share. North China Insurance—Tls. 1,175 per share. Yangtsze Insurance Association-Tls. 885 per

- share. Chinese Insurance Company-\$285 pershare, ex. dividerd. On Tai Insurance Company, Limited-Tls. 150

Hongkong Fire Insurance Company-\$950 per China Fire Insurance Company-\$292 per share, sellers.

Hongkong and Whampon Dock Company -44 per cent, premium, sellers... Hongkong, Canton, and Macao Steamboat Co. -\$28 premium, sellers. China Coast Steam Navigation Company,-Tls.

162 per share. Hongkong Gas Company-\$85 per share. Hongkong Hotel Company—\$100 per share. China Sugar Refining Company, Limited—\$1671 per Share, sellers.

China Sugar Refining Company (Debentures)per cent. premium. Hongkong Ice Company-\$130 per share. Hongkong and China Bakery Company, Limited

-\$52 per share. Chinese Imperial Loan of 1878—13 per cent. prem. Chinese Imperial Loan of 1881-3 per cent, prem.

EXCHANGE.

4
3/89
3/84
3/9
3/91
3/98
5.5-
4.67.
4.78.
220}
220
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72}
-73

OPIUM MARKET.—THIS DAY.

New Malwa.....per picul, \$660 (Allowance, Taels 32.) OLD MALWA.....per picul, 8705 (Allowance, Taels 12.)

PATNA (first choice) .....per chest, \$622\frac{1}{2} PATNA (second choice) ... per chest, \$6121/2 PATNA (bottom) ......per chest, \$622} PATNA (without choice). ... per chest, \$616] Benares (without choice) per chest, \$617\frac{1}{2} Benares (bottom) .....per chest, \$622\frac{1}{2} Persian..... per picul, \$510

HONGKONG TEMPERATURE. (FROM MESSRS, FALCONER & Co,'s REGISTER).

Tims DAY,	
Harometer—9 A.M30	200
Hat. deter-1 P.M30	dis
liann ster-4 P.M30	046
The noneter-galas, manners, and the state of	74
Thermo neter-1 P.M	72
The sameter-4 P. St	
There waster - a. M. (Wet boll)	71 69
The nometer - 1 P.M. (Wet bulb)	71
Thermoreter-4 P.St. (Wet bulb)	70
Thermometer-Maximum	
Thermometer-Minimum (over night)	71 68
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CHINA COAST METEOROLOGICAL REGISTER.

THIS DAY'S TELEGRAMS.

RAROMETER,	Ho		٨	10Y,'	SILA		NA BA	GA- Kli
THERMOME	trevious day at 4 r.w.	On date at	Previous day at 4 P.M.	On date at	Previous day at 4 P.M.	On chite at	Previous day at 4 F.M.	On date at
Barometer	30.00	30.24	30.00	30.20	30.12	30.30	·	
Therm'ter attached	71.0	72,5	71,0	61,0	44.6	43.0		
Direction of Wind.	. 5	н	RR.	ME	×	N	-	-
Force,	3	3	20.00	72	5	5		-
Dry Thermometer,	69.0	72.0	71.0	61.0	4.25	41.0	_	₩.
Wet Thermometer.	67.0	68.0	68.0	30.0	41.0	39.0	_	-
Weather	b cm	bc	bc	o c	σр	om	-	-
Hours Rain.	, <b>–</b>	-	-	1.	-	-	-	-
Quantity fallon	-	_	1	0.37	0.42	,	٠	•

Barometer, level of the sea in Inches, tens and hun-Barometer, level of the sea in inches, tens and hundreds.—Thermometer, in Fahrenhelt degrees and tens kept in the open all; in a shaded situation.—Direction of Wird, is registered every two points, N., N.N.E., N.E., etc.—Porce of Wind, o calmons to 3 light house.—3 to 5 moderate. 5 to 7 fresh. 7 to 8 strong. 8 to 10 heavy. 10 to 18 violent.—State of Weather, B. Clear blue aky. C. Cloudy. D. Drizzly: F. Fog. G. Foggy. H. Hail. L. Lightning. M. Misty. O. Overcast. P. Passing showers. Q. Squally. R. Rainy. S. Snow. T. Thunder. U. Bad, threatening. P. Visibility. IV. Storm. Z. Calm. The letters are repeated to indicate any increase over the mean average of their signification. Rain.—The hours of rain for the previous 24 hours (noon) are registered from 1 to 24 and the quantity of water fallen indicated in inches, tens and bestreeds.

### Shipping.

Jan. 25, BENEDICTA, German schooner, 247, J P. Jensen, Swatow 21st January, Ballast .-Wieler & Co. Jan. 25, NINGPO, British steamer, 761, R. Cass,

Shanghai 22nd January, General.—Siemssen Jan. 26, Fokien, British steamer, 509, J. C. Abbott, Foochow 22nd January, Amoy 23rd, and swatow 25th, General.—D. Lapraik

Jan. 26, CATTERTHUN, British steamer, 2,167, Miller, Sydney 30th December, Brisbane 2nd January, Rockhampton 3rd, Townsville 5th; Cooktown 6th, Thursday Island 9th, and

Port Darwin 25th, Gold, Coals, and General.—Gibb, Livingston & Co.
Jan. 26, TELEMACHUS, British steamer, 1,412, H.
Jones, Liverpool 4th December, Port Said 19th, Sucz 23rd, Penang 13th January, and singapore 17th, General-Butterfield &

Jan. 26, EDWIN REED, American bark, 1,178, J. B. Gilmore, Cardiff, 21st August, Coal.— Jan. 26, Escambia, British str., 1,401, Purvis,

London, and Singapore 16th January, General.-Russell & Co. Jan. 26, ELECTRA, German steamer, 1,161, R. Bohme, Hamburg 1st December, and singapore 10th January, General.—siemssen & Co.

Newcastle, via singapore 20th December, Coal.—Order. Jan. 26, SUMATRA, American ship, 1,072, C. Lock, Port Townsend 1st December, Timber.-Hongkong and Whampoa Co.

-Yuen Fat Hong.

Jan. 26, MARY WHITRIDGE, American ship, 850 Geo. Freman, New York 17th August, Petroluem.—Ordea.

CLEARANCES AT THE HARBOUR OFFICE. Nona, German steamer, for saigon. Belle Morse, American ship, for Manila. Albay, British steamer, for Swatow, &c:

Jan. 25, MALACCA, British str., for Yokohama. Jan. 25, KEELUNG, British steamer, for Canton Jan. 25, GLENEARN, British steamer, for Singa-

Jan. 26, China, German steamer, for swatow. Jan. 26, AMOY, British steamer, for Shanghai. Jan. 26, ACTIV, Danish steamer, for Holhow. Jan. 26, NINGPO, British steamer, for Canton.

PASSENGERS-ARRIVED.
Per Ningpo, str., from Shanghai.—Mrs. Mannelstein, Mr. J. Thorn, and 31 Chinese. Per Fokien, str., from Foochow, &c.-Mr. Jokhee, Captain Stabell, officers, and crew of the late barque Cuba, and 100 Chinese... Per Catterthun, str., from sydney, &c .-Messrs, J. Harris, Harry V. Chester, and 214 Chinese.

Per Telemachus, str., from Liverpool, &c .-Mr. Helonsaki. Kock, Stein, and Dobbelling.

Per Prinz Heinrich, str., from Bangkok.-Mr. W. Dreisichman and to Chinese. DEPARTED. Per China, str, for Swatow.—130 Chinese.

Per Amoy, str., for Shanghai.—45 Chinese. Per Activ, str., for Hoihow.—3 Chinese. Per Nona, str., for saigon.-40 Chinese. Fer Albay, str., for swatow, &c.-6 Europeans and 100 Chinese,

The British steamship Ningpo reports left Shanghai on the 22nd instant, and had light, variable winds and calms with hazy weather from Shanghai to Brothers. From Brothers to

Cape Collinson thick fog and calm. The British bark Glenury reports left Neweastle, via Singapore, on the 20th December, and had fine weather but strong head winds; from thence fine weather to Sunda Island; from thence fine weather to Singapore. Leaving Singapore strong head winds and dull, cloudy weather to within two days sail of this port; thence light winds and thick weather until arrival.

The British steamship Catterthun reports left Sydney on the 30th December, Brisbane on the and instant, Rockhampton on the 3rd, Townsville on the 5th, Cooktown on the 6th, Thursday Island on the 9th, and Port Darwin on the 25th, and experienced variable winds and fine weather on the Australian Coast. From Port Darwin to the line had heavy N.W. monsoon with high sea and fine weather among the islands and across the China Sea.

The British steamship Fokien reports left Foochow on the 22nd instant, Amoy on the 23rd and Swatow on the 25th. From Foochow to Amoy light, variable winds and hazy weather. From Amoy to Swatow light N. Easterly breeze with rain showers. From thence to port ligh airs and thick weather. In Foochow the steamship Pechili. In Amoy the German gunboat Illis, and the steamships Lorne and Welle. Is Swatow the steamship Yottung.

The British steamship Telemachus reports left Liverpool on the 4th December, and experienced unsettled weather to Port Said, where she arrived on the 19th; left for Sucz same day, and arrived on the 23rd; from thence to Penang had moderate monsoon and rain; arrived in Penang on the 13th instant, and proceeded to Singapore same day, and arrived on the 16th. Left again on the 17th at 4.30 p.m., and experienced fresh monsoon with high head sea and plenty of rain during the first part of the passage, and the latter part had moderate winds until 3 a.m. yesterday, when a dense fog set in until 3 a.m. this day. Arrived in port at 10,30 a.m.

FOOCHOW SHIPPING.

ARRIVALS. 7, Hae-san, Chinese steamer, from Shanghai. 7, Hedvig, British bark, from Shanghai. 7, Namoa, British steamer, from Hongkong. 11, Thales, British Steamer, from Hongkong. 12, Glencoe, British steamer, from shanghai. 12, Taku, British steamer, from Shanghail 12, El Dorado, British steamer, from Swatow, 13, Ulysses, British steamer, from shanghai.

DEPARTURES. 7, Yung-ching, Chinese str., for shanghai. 7, Taku, British steamer, for Shanghai. 10, Namoa, British steamer, for Hongkong. 11, Hac-san, Chinese steamer, for shanghai 13, Thales, British steamer, for Hongkong.

VESSELS EXPECTED AT HONGKONG.

(Corrected to Date).	
(Corrected to Date).  MargaretheCardiffSept.  BrazosCardiffSept.	•
BrazosCardiffsept.	13
Tebe	17
EndymionLondonsept.	19
BodildSept.	25
ImporterCardiffsept.	27
PaulineSept.	30
Livingston	2
HenryNov.	3
Christing	4.
Rock Terrace Newport Nov.	5
Christal,	7
Trait d'Union'St. MaloNov.	7
Hydra 3ElbeNov.	10
BrambletyeCardiffNov.	12
BaikalAntwerpNov.	13
Euphraics (s.)LondonDec.	10
CoreaLondonDeci	14

SHIPPING IN HONGKONG.

STEAMERS.

Jan. 24, ALBAY, British steamer, 366, H. Lightwood, Tamsui 18th Jan., Taiwanfoo 21st, Amoy 22nd, and Swatow 23rd, General. D. Lapraik & Co.

Jan. 22, ANTENOR, British steamer, 1,644, J. S. Bragg, Japan 17th January, Coal and General.—Butterfield & Swire. Dec. 31, Asia, Danish steamer, 880, Djorup .-siemssen & Co. Jan. 18, ATALANTA, German steamer, 787, G.

Pfaff.—siemssen & Co. Nov. 29, CEBU, American steamer, 373, Edgar.-

lin.—shun Hang Hong. Dec. 15, Consolation, British steamer, 464, Kiung-chow, British steamer, 159, Goggin .-Young.-Yuen Fat Hong. Jan. 24, DECIMA, German steamer, 1,151, L. Petersen, Keelung 21st January, Coal.—

Jardine, Matheson & Co. ger.—Order. Oct. 29, HONGKONG, British steamer, 67, Ken-et nett.—Kwok Acheong & sons.

Jan. 24, HUNGARIAN, British steamer, 987, W. M. D. Allison, sydney 23rd December, Townsville 29th, Cooktown 31st, and Darwin 11th January.—Geo. R. STEVEN & Co. Dec. 19, JOLOANO, Spanish steamer, 654, Marquez .- R. Mourente.

Jan. 19, LARCH, British steamer, 914, Colledge. -Wieler & Co. July 7, Lt TAI, Annamite steamer, 1,000, Li Ton Tack.—Captain. Jan. 14, NAMOA, British steamer, 862, Westoby.

-D. Lapraik & Co. Jan. 23, Nona, German steamer, 669, Wolffel, saigon 16th January, Rice and Fish.-Ed. schellhass & Co. an. 21, OCEANIC, British steamer, 3,703, Metcalfe.—O: & O. S. S. Co.

Jan. 19, PALADIN, British steamer, 897, Aubin.-Arnhold, Karberg & Co. Jan. 21, PEKING, British steamer, 954, Drewes. —siemssen & Co.

Jan. 23, Ping-on, British steamer, 570, McCas-lin, Haiphong 20th January, and Pakhoi 20th, Hoihow 21st, and Macao 22rd, General.—Russell & Co. Jan. 22, Rajanattianuhar, British steamer, 750, Hopkins, Bangkok 12th January, General.—Yuen Fat Hong.

Nov. 24, SEA GULL, American steamer, 48, Hayden.—China Traders' Insurance Co. Jan. 22, SEE-Wo, British steamer, 1,050, Mitchell, shanghai 18th January, General.-Jardine, Matheson & Co. July 7, SHUN TIP, Annamite steamer, 93, Yuen

Man Fu.—Captain. Jan. 1, SOLWAY, British steamer, 510, Jarvis.-Vogel & Co. Jan. 15, WANDERER, British steam-yacht, 840,

SAILING VESSELS.

Jan. 14, ADOLPH, German bark, 868, Mahr.—. -Arnhold, Karberg & Co. Per Electra, str., from Hamburg, &c.-Messrs. Jan. 9, ALDEN BESSE, Amarican bark, 842, Noyes.—Rozario & Co. Jan. 14, ALTA!, Russian ship, 1,024, C. Niska. Jan. 21, ANDROMEDA, German ship, 1,879, schapper.-Order.

Jan. 21, AUGUSTE, French bark, 869, A. Bernard, Cardiff 8th September, Coal.—Order. Nov. 17, B. Morse, American ship, 1,307, Norton.-Captain. Nov. 21, BLUE JACKET, Amer. ship, 1,396, Percival.—Russell & Co.

Dec. 27, Carl Gerhard, German bark, 331, P. sahr.—Ed. schellhass & Co. Jan. 24, CHARITE, French bark, 268, G. Leroy, C. of Bute, Britishs chooner, 793 (Thompson)— Whampon 23rd January, General.—Carlowitz & Co. Dec. 27, C. REDMAN, Amer. bark, 598, Elliott.

Jan. 1, COLOMA, Amer. bark, 853, C. M. Noyes. —Rozario & Co. Jan. 12, DELPHIN, German schooner, 288, Lilienthal.—Melchers & Co. Jan. 21, DOROTHEA, German ship, 1,015, Mehl-

hose.—siemssen & Co. Jan. 23, FRIEDERICH, German bark, 595, H. Spiesen, Singapore 14th December, Timber.
—Siemssen & Co. Jan. 16, H. W. Dudley, Amercan bark, 1,128,

W. Dudley.-Order. Jan. 1, HARMONIA, German sh., 1,454, B. Beissken.—Captain. Jan. 16, HINDOSTAN, British ship, 1,479, J. Balyea.—Russell & Co. Jan. 21, JAVA PACKET, British bark, 674, Hanscn.—Russell & Co. Jan. 4, LAUREL, British bark, 639, Grassam.-Nov. 24, LOTA, British bark, 472, Dudfield.—

Jan. 9, MARIE, German ship, 1,218, Schildt-Dec. 27, Morning ZTAR, Siam. bark, 570, Michaelsen-Chinese.

Jans 11, NESTOR, German ship, 1,337, J. Winsor. Nov. 25, Nicolas Thayer, Amer. bark, 585, Craley.—Russell & Co. Jan. 14, ONEIDA, American ship, 1,120, Carver.

-Adamson, Bell & Co. Dec. 8, PANAY, American ship, 1,190.—Adamson, Bell & Co. Jan. 14, PEARL, American bark, 576, R. Howes. -Russell & Co. Jan. 13, RAJAH, American ship, 1,258, Albrecht.

Jan: 4, RAVEN, German ship, 343, Veal.—Ed. Dec. 2, RINGLEADER, Amer. ship, 1,183, Bray. Nov, 14, SPARTAN, American schooner, 81, Vin-

cent.-W. H. Ray. Nov. 17, SPIRIT OF THE ACE, British bark, 347, Williams.—Vogel & Co. Oct. 8, SYREN, American ship, 875, Brown.— Russell & Co.

Jan. 25, TECUMSEH, American ship, 1,309, E. Lincoln, Cardiff 27th July, Coal.—Borneo Jan. 17, TILLIE BAKER, American ship, 819, Boynton.-Arnhold, Karberg & Co. Sept. 27, TWILIGHT, American ship, 1,303, War-

land.-Russell & Co. Jan. 12, WAKEFIED, American bark, 587, Crowell.-Order. Jan. 9, W. J. Rotch, American ship, 1,703, Bray.—Russell & Co.

Jan. 24, HWAI-YUEN, Chinese steamer, 984, O. Wilson, Shanghai 20th January, General.-C. M. S. N. Co. Jan. 25, KEELUNG, British steamer, 918, E. Schultze, Chinkjang 21st instant, General.—

Butterfield & swire. Jan. 24, LEE-YUEN, Chinese steamer, 734, Tisdall, Chinkiang 19th January, General.—C. M. S. N. Co. Jan. 24, OLYMPIA, German steamer, 783, Wagner,

Chinkiang 19th January, Rice.—Siemssen Jan. 23, YEH-SIN, Chinese steamer, 754, Deegan, Chefoo 17th January, General.-C. M. 6.

WHAMPOA.

Jan. 14, Elise, German bark, 513, Bruhn.-

Dec. 29, SAN FRANCISCO, German schooner, 251, Oltmans.—Siemssen & Co. Nov. 28, SCHWAN, German brig, 276, Schroder. -siemssen & Co.

RIVER STEAMERS.

Ichang, British steamer, 700, Ogston.—Butter-field & Swire. Kiu-kiang, British steamer, 617, T. Benning.—
Hongkong, Canton, & Macaosteam-boat Co. Sept. 28, Conquest, British steamer, 316, Ham-lin.—shun Hang Hong.

Kiang-ping, Chinese steamer, 360, Holmes.— C. M. S. N. Co.

Kwok Acheong & Sons. Powan, British steamer, 1,800, A. Benning. Hongkong, Canton, & Macao Steam-boat Co. Jan. 19, GERVASE, British steamer, 417, Grain- Spark, British steamer, British, 140, Hoyland.—
Hongkong, Canton, & Macaosteam-boat Co. White Cloud, British steamer, 280, Cary.—Hong-kong, Canton, & Macao steam-boat Co. Yot-sni, British steamer, 180, McDougall.-Kwok

Acheong & sons,

AMOY. In Port on 18th January, 1882.

Amoy, German Schooner, 314 (Schedule)—H. A. Petersen & Co Anna Dorothea, German bark, 343 (Jensen)-Carl Wilhelm, British bark, 300 (sutherland)-Chloris, German bark, 334 (Matzen)-H. A. Pe-

Elise, German brig, 271 (Holm)—H. A. Petersen Emily, British brig, 295 (Crighton)-H. A. Petersen & Ca. E. von Beaulieu, German bark, 336 (Oetting)-

Pasedag & Co. Faugh Balaugh, German schooner, 240 (D. Rute) -H A. Petersen & Co. Helena, German bark, 263 (Thomseon)-H. A. Petersen & Co. Hermann, German brig, 210 (Lembke)—Pasedag

Johann Carl, German schooner, 144 (E.Ploger)— Pasedag & Co. Juno, German bark, 265 (Nielsen)-Pasedag Oceania, British bark, 568.—Captain. Oscar Vidal, British bark, 299 (Kecher)-Order. Oswald, German bark, 448 (Brinckmeier)-H. A.

Petersen & Co. Prince Arthur, British bark, 598.—Captain. Wagrien, German schooner 176 (Debbern)-H. A. Petersen & Co.

> FOOCHOW. In Port on 16th January, 1882.

Chateaubriand, .. British bark, 408 (Dodd).-Kaw Hong Take & Co. Hedvig, British bark, 374, (Andro).—Order.

SHANGHAI.

In Port on 15th January, 1882. Alexander Newton, British bark, 308 (Newton)

Morris & Co. Beta, British bark, 313 (Watt)-Order. Brenda, British bark, 291 (swenson)-Mackenize Chingtah, British bark, 472 (Schulze)-J.W. Muller Primrose & Co.

Dora, German schooner, 1160 (Herboth)-W. He- Bees Wax, White, per plcul Erricsson, American ship, 1,646-Plummer, Chapman, King, & Co. John Trahey, British bark, 1,147 (Ryan)-C. & J Trading Co. I. Woodburn, British brig, 299 (Dasborough)-Lucile, British schooner, 91 (Koch)-John

Martha, British bark, 852 (McPherson)-Morris · M. Brockelman, German bark, 488 (Kluth)—F. A. Perle, German bark, 405 (Klyhn)-Carlowitz Willie, British schooner, 274 (Badenoch)-Morris

> YOKOHAMA. In Port on 31st December, 1881.

Ada Melmore, British brig, 569 (Sewell)-A. Adele, Russian schooner, 42 (Gouldes)-F. Retz. Alexander, American schooner, 72 (Carlson)-Alice, French bark, 450 (Soule)—A Reimers A. Cashman, American schooner, 51 (Tibbey)—

Diana, American schooner, 64 (Peterson)-Helene, German bark, 480 Helena, American schooner, 60 (Ewalt)-Haze, American bark, 862 (Evans)-Walsh,

Kiwa, Russian schooner, 113 (Johnstone)-M. C. Bohm, German schooner, 80 (Baade)-North Star, Russian schooner, 38 (Ridderbjelke) Ohude, American schooner, 72 (Wilson)-

Otome, American schooner, 52 (Snow)-Otsego, American schooner, 36 (Pearce) -Otter, American schooner, 70 (Littlejohn)-

Peiho, German bark, 433 (Lameken)-P. Bohm. Pioneer, American schooner, 54-(Wilson)-W; Wandering Jew., American ship, 1737 (Talpey)-

MANILA. In Port on 31st December, 1881. Arab, German bark, 549.—Captain.

Alma, German bark, 937.—Captain. Clifton, British bark, 252. Captain. Helicon, American ship, 1199.—Captain.
Iquiqui, German bark, 925.—Captain:
Lothair, British ship, 1106.—Captain.
Laurens, American ship, 808.—Captain. Maria Anna, Ger. ship, 1266.—Captain.
Marseille, French bark, 686.—Captain. Meta, German ship, 1332.—Captain Minerva, spanish bark, 637.—Captain. Peabody, French bark, 467.—Captain. Paul Jones, American ship, 1358.—Captain. Resaint, French schooner.-Captain. Remus, British bark, 737.- Captain. Samar, American ship, 1110.—Captain. Wrecker, American schooner, 55.—Captain. Weser, Gorman bark, 916,-Captain,

### Markets.

REFORTED BY CHINESE FIRMS AND CORRECTED TO DATE.
<del></del>
American Della, 30 yards, per piece 82-95 to 3.10
American Drills, 15lbs., per pieco 83.90 to 3.91
Cotton Yarn, No. 16 to 24, per 400 lbs \$88.50 to 93.00
Cotton Varu, No. 28 to 32, per 400 lbs 898.00 to 105.00
Cotton Varn, No. 38 to 42, per 400 lbs. 5128.00 to 124.00
Cotton Yarn, Bombay 679.50 to B2.00
Chintz, per piece 83.70 to 1.75
Dyed Spotted Shirtings, per piece 81.60 to 3.85
Dyed Brocades Shirtings, per piece 83.55 to 3.70
Dyed Damask Shirtings, per piece 85.50 to 5.65
English Drills, 30 yards, per piece 82.53 to 2.65
English Drills, 14 lbs., per plece 82.45 to 2.50
English Drills, 15 lbs., per piece 82.85 to 2.90
Grey Shirtings, 7 lbs.; per piece 61.55 to 1.63
Grey Shirtings, 8 lbs., per piece 81.77 to 1.85
Grey Shirtings, 81 lbs., per piece 81.95 to 2:21
Grey Shirtings, 9 lbs. per piece 82.65 to 2.75
Grey Shirtings, to lbs. per piece 52.97 to 2.9)
Grey T.Cloths, 24 yels, & 32 in, 6 lbs., per piece St. 20 to 1,25
Grey T-Cloths, 24 yds, & 32 in. 7 lbs., per piece \$1.35 to 1.70
Grey T.Clothe, 24 3/14. 36 in 8 lbs. XO per piece \$1.80 to 1.85
Grey T.Cloths, 24 341s, 36 In Slbs. QL per piece \$2.50 to 2.15
Grey T-Cloths, 24 yds 36 in 8lbs. XX per piece 82.45 to 2.50
Handkerchiefs, Blue, per dazen So.60 in 0.62
Handkerchiefs, Brown, per dozen Fo.55 to 0.65
Handkerchiefs, Red, per dozen 80,66 to 0,67
Handkerchiefs, Light Red, per dozen 20.66 to 0.67
Turkey Red Shirtings, 3lbs., per piece
Velvet Black, 32 inches, per pard 80,18 in 0.19
Welvet, Gentian, 22 inches per yard 20.21 to 0.12
Velveteens, Black, per yard
Velveteens, Gentian, per yard co.28 to p.29
White Shirtings, 54 to 60 reed, per piece \$3.15 to 2.35
White Shirtings, 64 to 66 reed, per piece \$2.45 to 2.60
White Shirtings, 68 to 80 reed, per piece 62.80 to 3.35
White Shirtings, 500 reed, per piece 83-45 10 3-50
White Shirtings, 7,000 reed, per piece 83.20 to 3.25
White Shirtings, AA, per piece 81.65 to 1.70
White Shirtings, EF, per place 55.30 to 5.32
White Shirtings, MH, per piece 53.90 to 3.95
White Spotted Shirtings, per piece
White Breendes, per piece \$2.50 to 2.65
WOOLLEN GOODS.
Blankets, 8 lbs., per pair 53.90 to 3.97
Blinkets, 9 lbs., per pair \$4.20 to 4.25
Blankets, to lbs., per pair 44.65 to 4.70
Blankets, 22 lbs., per pair 85.70 to 5.75

Camlets, SSS, per piece Camlets, SS, per piece ...है13.50 to 14.00 ...\$14.50 to 15.00 Camlets, S, per piece ... ...\$15.00 to 16.00 Camlets, BBB, per piece ...815.00 to 15.50 Camleu, AAA, per piece Camlets, LLL, per piece ..\$13,50 to 14.00 ... \$7.65 to 7.70 Long Ells, MM Scarlet, per piece ... 87.65 to 7.70 Long Ells, MM Assorted, per piece... ... \$7.75 to 7.80 Long Ells, HH Scarlet, per piece ... Long Ells, HH Assorted, per piece ... ... 87.65 to 7.70 Long Elis, H Scarlet, per piece ... ... 87.75 to 7.8a Long Ells, H Assorted, per piece 87.95 to 7.82 ...512,50 10 14.80 Lastings, DD, per piece Spanish Stripes, per yard Iron, Nail Road, per pipul 😘 Iron, Hoop, per picul ... Iron, Bar, per picul ...

Iron, Wire, per picul ... 85,75 to 5,80 Lead, WB, per pleul ... ... \$5.35 to 5.40 Lead, LB, per picul ... \$5.30 to 5.35 Head, Hole Chop, per pleul ... \$5,30 to 5,35 Quicksilver, English, per picul ...\$57.90 to 58.00 Quicksilver, American, per picul ...858.00 to 58.10 ... \$3.85 to 3.95 Steel, English, per tub Steel, Swedish, per tub B4.35 to 4.45 ...\$a1.00 to 85.70 Sheathing Metal, per picul ... ... \$7.15 to 7.20 Spelder, per picul ...\$33.20 10 40.00 Tin, Malacco, per picul ... 85,35 to 5,40 Tin, Plates, per box .... PRODUCE. ...817.50 to 19.00 Almonds, per picul ... Alum, 1st quality, per pical ... ... Br.73 to 185

Alum, and quality, per picul ... ,.. 60,83 to 1, to Bark, Siam, per picul ... ... ...\$15.20 to 15.30 Bark, Champhor, per picul ' ... ...გეი.00 ta 55.00 Beche de Mer, per picul Bees Wax, Japan, White per picul ... ...\$11.50 to 12.50 ...\$41.co to 46.50 Bees Wax, Hankow, Yellow, per picul f99,00 to 101,00 Birds' Nests, 1st quality, per picul ... Birds' Nests, and quality, per picul... Birds' Nests, 3rd quality, per picul ... \$75,00 to 210 82,55 to 2.65 Brimstone, per picul ... Buffalo Hides, Manila... EuTalo Cow Hides Camphor, packed, res picul 818,70 10 19.50 Cemphor, Baroos, clear, per picul Camphor, Refuse, per picul \$18.00 to 19.50 Cardamons, Superior Cardamons, Inferior, per picul Cloves, per picul ... Coals, Aflost, per ton Coals, English steam, per ton Coals, Sydney, per ton

Coffee, per picul ... Copper, Sheathing, Japan, per picul 820.70 10 27.00 Copper, Rod, Japan, per picul Copper, Nalls, per picul \$33.50 to \$3.80 \$15.30 to 15.80 Cotton, Bombay, per picul Cotton, Calcutta, per picul 817.60 to 17.80 \$16,00 to 18.60 Cotton, Ningpo, per picul... Cotton, Shanghal, per picul ... \$16.80 to 17.50 ... \$16.20 to 16.80 Cotton, Shuntung, per picul Cotton, Tientsin, per picul ... 817.60 10 17.80 Cotton, Tungchow, per picul Cotton Seeds, Salgon, per picul Cotton Seeds, Saim, per picul Cuttlefish, Japan, per picul Cuttlefish, Japan, without bones, per picul Cuttlefish, Chauchow, per picul 822,50 to 23,00 815,50 to 10,50 820,00 to 27,50 ...Th.4.4.5 to 4.5.5 Dates, Black, per picul .... Dates, Red, per picul .... ... Tla.3.1.5 to 3.2.5 ... 87.85 to 8.25

... Tis.29.5.0 to 31.0.0

... Tle. 1.6.0 to 1.6.5

2,000 to 3,400

1.75 15 1.78

81.84 to 1.85

... B3.85 to 3.95

15.00 to 60.00

\$5.00 to 12.00 \$5.00 to 6.50

13.50 10 13.90

65.30 to 5.50

52,25 to 2.35

19.75 to 9.80

5.85 to 5.30

3.15 to 8.18

\$255 to 2.05 | 00/ 189s.

\$10,50 10 12.00

\$36.00 10 45.00

84.50 to 5.30 84.50 to 4.70

Dried Lily Flowers, per picul
Flephant's Teeth, 4 to 5 pieces, per picul
Flour, Colifornia, per sack of 50 lbs.
Flour, American, per barrel of 100 lbs.
Flour, American, per barrel of 200 lbs. Flints, per picul Ginseng, American, 1st quality, per picul Ginseng, American, and quality, per picul Hams, Ordinary, per picul Hams, Superior, per picul Hemp, Hankow, per picul Hemp, Siam, per picul Isinglass, Japan, per picul...
Melon Seeds, 1st quality, per picul
Melon Seeds, 2nd quality, per picul Musicis, Dry Slam large, per picul Mussels, Dry Slam middle, per picul Mussels, Dry Slam small, per picul Pea Oil, per picul ... Peas, White, per picul Peas, Green, per picul Peas, Black, per picul Pens, Green Beans, per picul Pearl Barley, per picul

Potatoe Flour, per picul .... Potatoe Flour, per picul
Rhinoceros Horn, per picul
Rhinoceros Horn, Mother, per picul
Rice, Slam, No. 2, per picul
Rice, Siam, Milled No. 2, per picul
Rice, Siam, milled No. 2, per picul
Rice, Siam, milled No. 2, per picul
Rice, Salgon, milled No. 2, per picul
Rice, Salgon, Hemp baga
Rice, Balgon, Straw baga
Rice, Japan
Saltnetre, per picul

Saltpetre, per picul...
Seaweed, Green, per picul
Seaweed, Cut, per picul
Sesamum, White, per picul
Sesamum, Black, per picul
Sharksfins, per picul
Shellfish, Japan, per picul
Shellfish, California, per picul ins, per picul Japan, per picul California, per picul Shellfish, California, per picul
Stockfish, per picul
Straits Produce, &c.,

Betel Nut, per picul
Pepper, White, per picul
Pepper, Black, per picul
Ratum, Straits, per picul
Ratum, Bungar, per picul
Sandal Wood, Malabar, per picul
Sandal Wood, Malabar, per picul
Sapan Wood, South Seas, per picul
Sapan Wood, Siam, per picul
Sapan Wood, Siam, per picul
Sugar, Shek-lung, White, No. 1, per picul
Sugar, Shek-lung, Brown, per picul

Sugar Candy, Shek-lung, per picul Sugar Candy, Foothow, per picul Sugar Candy, Swatow, White, per picul Vermicelli, Tientsin, per picul Walnuts, per plcul ... Wheat, Tientsio, per plcul Wheat, Japan, per plcul ... Wood Oll, per plcul ... Window Glass, per box

Post Office.

A MAIL WILL CLOSE.

For Saigon.-Per Paladin, to-morrow, the 27th

instant, at 4.30 P.M. For Swatow and Bangkok-Per Rajanattianuhar, on Saturday, the 28th instant, at 5 P.M. For Swatow, Amoy, and Foochow.—Per Fokien, on saturday, the 28th instant, at 5 P.M.

The Postal Guide published in 1879 being now somewhat out of date, a revised issue is printed in the Hongkong Directory and Hong List for the Far East for 1882, which supersedes all previous editions.

MAILS BY THE FRENCH PACKET. . The French Contract Packet "ANADYR," will be despatched on MONDAY, the 30th instant, with Mails to and through the United Kingdom and Europe, via Naples; to Saigon, Straits Settlements, Batavia, Burmah, Ceylon, the Australasian Colonies, Pondichery, Madras, Calcutta, Aden, Egypt, Malta, and Gibraltar.

The usual hours will be observed in closing

the Mails, &c.

HOURS FOR GLOSING THE CONTRACT MAILS. THE FRENCH MAIL. DAY BEFORE DEPATURE (or SATURDAY if the departure be on Monday).

5 P.M., Money Order Office closes. Post Office closes, except the night box, which is always open out of office hours. DAY OF DEPARTURE. 7. A.M., Post Office opens.

10 A.M., Registry of Letters ceases: Posting of all printed matter and patterns ceases. 11 A.M., Mail closes, except for Late Letters. 11.10 A.M., Letters may be posted with Late Fee of to cents until

11.30 A.M., when the Post Office closes entirely. 11.40 A.M., Late Letters may be posted on board the packet with Late Fce of 10 Cents until time of departure. THE ENGLISH MAIL—DAY OF DEPARTURE.

NOON, Money Order Office closes. 2 P.M., Registry of Letters ceases. Posting of all printed matter and patterns ceases. 3 P.M., Mails closed, except for Late Letters. 3.10 P.M., Letters may be posted with Late Fee of to cents, until

3.30 P.M., when the Post Office closes entirely. 3.40 P.M., Late Letters may be posted on board the Packet with Late Fee of 10 cents until time of departure.

. SOLDIERS' AND SAILORS' LETTERS. 1.—Privates in H.M. Army or Navy. Noncommissioned, Officers,\* Bandmasters, Army Schoolmasters (not Superintending or First Class) Writers or Schoolmistresses may send half-ounce letters to the United Kingdom by mail at the \$2.40 to 2.50 rate of four cents (two-pence) each, which may \$2.85 to 31.0 be prepaid either in Imperial or in Hongkong \$3.30 to 3.35 Stamps. By private steamer the postage is two cents (one penny).

2.—The same privileges apply to letters addressed to the Privates and Non-commissioned Officers named above.

3.-Private steamers leave Hongkong for London about every ten days. • 4.—The letters must not exceed half an ounce. No hankerchiefs, jewellery, &c., can be sent, even

with with the ends open. 5.—If from a Soldier or sailor his class and description must be stated in full on the letter, the cover of which must be signed by the Commanding Officer, with name of regiment, ship, &c., in full. If to a Soldier or Sailor, his class and description, with name of regiment, ship, &c., must be stated in full.

5.—Soldiers and Sailors have no privileges with regard to books or papers, nor can these be prepaid with Imperial Stamps. LETTER BOXES. Many boxes of letters are received at the Post

Office not scaled, that is to say, the box is fastened

with sealing wax, but there is no impression of a The attention of boxholders is called to the necessity of carefully sealing such boxes with some recognisable seal, and of sending a chitbook or receipt with them. The omission of the latter precaution leaves a doubt as to whether the contents of the box ever reached the Post Office: the omission of the former, as to whether part of them might not have been abstracted for the sake of the Postage Stamps.

RATES OF POSTAGE Letters, per l oz. Post Cards, each

Books, Patterns, and Commercial) 2 Cents. Papers, per 2 oz...... Newspapers & Prices Current, each Registration ..... with return receipt..... Commercial papers signify such papers as, though written by hand, do not bear the character of an actual or personal correspondence, such as invoices, deeds, copied music, &c. The charge is the same as for Books, but all packets of and

LETTERS FOR THE UNITED STATES BY SAILING

under 4 oz. weight are charged 5 Cents.

When it is desired to forward letters to the United states by a sailing ship which is not notified as carrying a maile it is only necessary to post the letters in the ordinary way, marked with the name of the ship, and prepaid to cents per half ounce as usual. The Post Office then undertakes the duty of obtaining notice of departure and despatching the correspondence. It is requested that the letters be posted if possible atleast one day before the date fixed for sailing.

No responsibility can be accepted in this Department for erroncous replies to verbal enquiries. or to notes addressed to subordinate officers. The shroffs told off to sell stamps should especially not be regarded as able to give correct information. The Postal Guide alone is the standard on all points on which such information may be required.

A Pillar Box has been established at the West Point Police station (opposite the Sailors' Home) and another at the south front of the Harbour Department. The hours of clearance are as follow:-

A.M. P.M. P.M. West Point .....10.00 2.00 4.15 Harbour Department ......10.15 2.15 4.00 Letters arrive at the Post Office 10.30 2.30 4.45 \*Mails closing at the this hour will be kept open till the Messager arrives from the Pillar

Correspondence of all kinds posted in either box before the first clearance on mail day will be in time for the Homeward Mail. All correspondence for Hongkong will be de-

livered the same day. Residents who keep a postage account with this Office may post local correspondence in these boxes without stamps, provided the sender's name or recognised device appears on each arfors to 63.5 - Local correspondence means that for Hong-

kong, Bangkok, or the Ports of China.

\* But not Warrent Officers, viz. 1-Conductor, Cunter, Boats-

Printed and Published by Robert France-Buttit, at No. 6, Propage Hill, in the City of Victoria, Hongkong-January